THE GAZETTE is seven days ahead of them all.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

If it isn't in The Gazette It didn't happen.

VOL. 96. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1900. ESTABLISHED IN 1805.

NEGROES GO FREE.

Juries In the Murder Cases Say Defendants

ARE NOT GUILTY.

Witnesses Tell How Mack McKensey Was Murdered—The Colored Detective's Testimony.

In the case of the commonwealth against George Walton, Wesley Harris, Charles Henderson, *alias* "Hungry," Charles Fogus, *alias* "Original, or Western Red," George Morris and John Ford the grand jury returned a true bill, as announced in THE GAZETTE last week.

On Thursday morning the case was called for trial. Four of the defendants, who were in prison, were brought into court, when District Attorney Little stated that he elected to proceed, in the first trial, against Charles Henderson, *alias* "Hungry" H D. Tate, Esq, announced that he appeared for Charles Henderson, and the legal battle began.

Before any jurors were called or plea to indictment entered, Attorney Tate moved the court to quash the array of jurors, which motion was resisted by the district attorney. Several hours were consumed in the legal argument, when the court overruled the motion and sealed a bill of exceptions. Attorney Tate then moved the court to quash the bill of indictment for several reasons set forth in his motion. On one objection, the court allowed the district attorney to amend the bill, by entering the name of Charles D. Beegle thereon as prosecutor, and overruled the motion in other particulars, sealing a bill for defendant.

The impressive ceremony of selecting a jury in the court of oyer and terminer then proceeded, and with unusual rapidity the jury was selected and sworn. The evidence adduced by the commonwealth, in substance, was as follows:

On the evening of October 22, 1900, Mack McKensey, a stable boss for certain contractors who are widening the B. & O. R. R track at and near Hyndman, was brutally beaten and shot, and when found was in a dying condition—and did die on or about one o'clock on the morning of October 23. After an inquest by the coroner, suspicion pointed to the above named six defendants, who had taken their departure from the scene of the murder and from the county.

The main witness for the commonwealth was Angus Tibbs, a colored detective, who testified that he had seen all of the six defendants at a crap and poker game at Hyndman on the morning of October 22; that during the day he had heard the defendants talk about Mack McKensey, the stable boss, that he had been paid that day; that an arrangement was then and there made to hold him up and rob him of his money; that he (Angus Tibbs) left the game and went up the railroad; that the next morning he learned of the murder and robbery; that same day (October 23) he came back to Hyndman and on to Cook's Mills, where he met again the defendants; that he and they went on toward Cumberland, riding on freight cars when they could, and when put off, walked; that while he and George Walton were walking along together Walton told him that he had seen the murder; that their gang were together near the barn, where Mack McKensey was stable boss, between 7:30 and 8 o'clock, after dark; that a man with a lantern was seen; that he proved to be the stable boss; that he was asked permission for the crowd to sleep in his stable; that McKensey said they could do so provided they would help him catch his mules and that they would not use any matches in the stable; that while so talking John Ford went up to the man with "Red" and grabbed him; that Ford struck him over the head with his gun, and, after leaving him, turned, saying, "he caused me to break my gun, I'll fix him," and shot twice; that then Ford and "Red" picked him up and carried him to the barn.

All arrived in Cumberland, but before the colored detective could inform the Cumberland police "Red." Ford and Henderson had escaped, but Walton and Harris were arrested. During his examination in chief the colored detective left the impression that Henderson was closely identified with "Red" and Ford, both in planning the robbery and in the commission of the crime, expressly swearing that, on the morning after the murder, Henderson told him they "had done the job, but to do it they had to put the old man out of business."

In addition to the above testimony the commonwealth put upon the witness stand one of the defendants—George Walton—who had made a statement, at Cumberland, at Hyndman to the coroner's inquest, and to the district attorney—but these statements were not offered in evidence in this case against Henderson, because the defendant—Walton—had consented and agreed to take the witness stand and testify. His testimony was as follows:

My home is in Washington, D. C. I had been working at Hyndman on B. & O R R for Contractor Ferguson, whose contract was below Hyndman on way to Cumberland. On October 22 I was discharged because they had no further work for me. I left there and went up to National Bank about 9 a m. and got check cashed for $4 04 From there I went to the other or upper end of Hyndman to a shanty on this side the bridge on Ketchum contract There a game of crap was going on in which I took a hand. Stayed there until about 3 or 4 p. m. (Lost my money.) Left there, and with Thomas Curry, Wesley Harris and three or four other fellows whom I do not know, went to bar-room opposite depot. After drinks our crowd went to colored restaurant, sat on porch and listened to banjo and looked at dancing on pavement in front of restaurant. Stayed there 15 or 20 minutes. Went back to bar-room, got drinks and came back to restaurant and joined the crowd there. There we met "Red," "The Dark Man," Charles Henderson, called "Hungry," Thomas Curry, Wesley Harris and myself. We six left there about 7 or 8. Went up track on other side of Hyndman, to get place to sleep. When we got up, say within 200 feet of where the crap game was still going on, with torch lights, we six stopped and "The Dark Man" said, "Come over to the stable." So we all commenced to walk toward the stable. When near the stable, say about 25 feet, a man with a lantern passed up. I did not know him, but saw him from the light of his lantern. One of our party—don't know who—asked the white man for a match. He said, "No, I have none." "Red" said, "Could we get a place to sleep?" He said. "Yes; I'll fix a place if you don't make fire or light matches, if you help me catch these two mules." He walked along opposite the stable. "Red" left our crowd, ran to and grabbed him. Just as "Red" grabbed him "The Dark Man" grabbed the lantern out of his hands and threw it toward us and struck me on the leg. They then—"Red" and "Dark Man"—commenced to tussle with the white man. "Dark Man" hit and beat him over the head with his gun and broke the handle of gun, and said, "You —— ——, you caused me to break my gun," and kicked him in head. The man fell, and then "Dark Man" shot twice towards the ground Can't say whether he shot man or not. I was at least 25 feet away and I was nearest, as the lantern hit me

"Red" and "Dark Man" went on about 10 or more feet, then "Dark Man" picked white man up and put him in the barn. "Red" and "Dark Man" went on over fields and balance of crowd came down toward Hyndman, went to bar-room, got drinks and then to restaurant. (After we came along the track and before we got to bar-room "Hungry" left us and I did not see him until 2 o'clock the next morning.) "Red" and "Dark Man" had come to town and joined me, Harris and Curry and we five went to restaurant and we five stayed together in Hyndman until about 10 or 11 o'clock. Left there and went to brick-yard and stayed there until 7 o'clock the next morning. At brick-yard about 2 a. m. we found "Hungry". At 7 o'clock Curry, "Red," "Hungry," Harris and myself left the brick yard and went up to the water tank to wash. "The Dark Man" had left during the night, while I slept We left the tank and started for Cook's Mills (we five). Can't tell the hour we got to Cook's Mills, but stayed there and left at 4 o'clock and went to Cumberland and got there at 8 p. m. and stayed there. Harris, "Hungry" and "Red" went to a boarding house. I went to a box car with another man Curry had gone on to Baltimore. I was arrested in the box car by Officer Frank Whiteman and a Cumberland policeman.

The witnesses above were subjected to a rigid cross examination, but did not materially change the general outline of their testimony. Other witnesses were called, but they testified only in regard to minor matters At this point the commonwealth rested Attorney Tate announced that he would waive a formal opening to the jury and at once placed the defendant—Charles Henderson—on the witness stand. His appearance was calm, and while he is not "a handsome bird," he attracted great attention by his cool, deliberate conduct, and impressed every one with the belief that he was "no dummy." His examination elicited the following: On Monday, October 22, 1900, I was at a point between Glencoe and Sand Patch, about ten miles from Hyndman I had been working on R. R for contractor. Was paid in full on Saturday previous and made my arrangements to go home to Washington, D C. No trains ran on Sunday or Monday on account of a wreck, so on Monday I started to walk to Hyndman, started about 7.30 a. m. and walked the entire distance. No one was with me. I arrived at Hyndman about 10.30 or 11 o'clock. Did not know anybody there, until after I got there I found George Walton, whom I had met at Washington, but was not well acquainted with him. Stopped in Hyndman near the bridge, where near R. R. track a game of crap was going on and lots of colored men were there and around there. It was payday for their contractor. I watched the game, but did not take a hand. Stayed there all day, waiting for trains to move. Got acquainted with some of the fellows. It was proposed that they go down town and get a drink. I was invited by George Walton to go along and did go. It was after dark, maybe 7 or 8 o'clock, can't tell exactly. We all got what we wanted to drink. I took a glass of beer; all took beer. I had but one glass and that is all I drank that day Don't think any took more than one glass, but two of the party each got a pint of whisky, when we all started back for the place where the game of crap was going on. It did not take more than one-fourth or one-half hour to go to town, get drinks and return. We did not loaf nor tarry in town. When within 200 yards or so of the place where the crap game was going on our crowd stopped to take a drink One bottle was pulled out and was being passed around—there were 6 or 7 in our party—"Red" and Foster, or Ford, and Tom Curry, George Walton, Wesley Harris and myself. While so drinking we saw a man with lantern come along across the field by the side of R R. and walked right past us on up side of R. R. We could see him from light of his lantern. After he got past us about 30 feet, Foster, or Ford, said, "There goes the —— —— that drawed a gun on me the other morning in the stable, now I am going to fix the —— ——." "Red" said, "I'll help you beat the —— ——," and "Red" ran and grabbed the man and Foster struck him across the head with his gun, and hit him several times and then "Red" and Foster started toward the street. Foster hollered to "Red" to wait a minute, "I'm going back and fix the —— —— as I have broken the handle of my gun on him." Just then I turned and left the crowd and went down town. I heard the report of two shots. I saw him shoot one and heard only the other, but did not then know that he had shot the man I went on down town to the brick-yard and stayed around there all night. Lots of men were working there. I did not conceal myself at all. Next morning went up to the restaurant, got my breakfast and about 10 o'clock

(CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE)

A WEEK'S HISTORY.

Happenings of the Past Seven Days.

THE IMPORTANT EVENTS

Culled From All Quarters of the Globe and Condensed For Busy Readers—News Items.

Oom Paul Kruger, president of the Transvaal, is in France and is given a great ovation wherever he goes.

Sir Arthur Sullivan, the famous musical composer, died in London, Eng, on Thursday of last week.

Secretary of the Navy John D. Long, in his annual report, recommends the construction of two new battleships and two armored cruisers.

Corn sold for 50 cents a bushel in Chicago on Monday. A young speculator named Philips has "cornered" the corn of the country and can control prices.

John Nicholas Brown, 9 months old, is believed to be the richest baby in the world. His fortune is estimated at $7,000,000 and is likely to be augmented before he becomes old enough to know of his wealth. The tot's home is in Newport, R I.

William J. Bryan has given assurance that he will be present at the Jackson Day banquet to be held in Chicago on January 8 It is thought that on this occasion Mr. Bryan will declare himself on the future of the party.

The treasury department on Monday decided to admit some lacemakers and their families, who were bought to this country by J. A. Dowie, the "Divine Healer," of Zion City, Ill., to teach the art of lacemaking. This is a reversal of the ruling of the Philadelphia immigration officials.

John Popovich and Vassil Nikalov, the Russian highwaymen, charged with being accessories to the murder of Alfred Hosler, paymaster of the Southwest Connellsville Coke company, near Alverton, October 30, were found guilty of murder in the first degree at Greensburg last week. The jury was out a little over an hour.

A special flood warning was sent out by the government authorities in Pittsburg Sunday night, owing to the rapid rise of the streams in the western part of the state. In Pittsburg many merchants in the lower sections of the city removed some of their goods from stores and warehouses. Monday night the mad waters rushed down the Monongahela and Allegheny rivers, overflowing the banks and ruining hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of property, causing the loss of three lives and temporarily throwing thousands of workmen out of employment.

The postoffice department has selected designs for six denominations of stamps that it will issue in commemoration of the Buffalo, N. Y., Pan-American exposition to be held next year. The central pictures will be a large lake steamer, representing fast lake transportation; an automobile, representing the newest form of transportation; the great canal at Sault Sainte Marie, with vessels going through Niagara Falls, with the suspension bridge in the foreground and an ocean steamer representing fast ocean transportation.

If the European nations, whose envoys at Pekin sustain the agreement reported to have been reached, which is practically to enforce the demands of Germany for the execution of eleven high officials, the United States may have to join with Europe or repudiate Minister Conger's action and conduct its negotiations independently of the powers The conclusion reached at Pekin has Mr. Conger's sanction, and, as it has been agreed to pending Secretary Hay's proposition to modify the demands, the result may complicate the situation.

Mrs. Hannah Beaver

Mrs. Hannah Beaver was born on September 25, 1825, near Reading, and died peacefully at her home in Schellsburg Sunday morning, November 25, 1900, at 9 30 o'clock, aged seventy-five years and two months. She was the daughter of Jacob and Hannah Egolf and came, with her parents, to Bedford county in 1834. They located between Schellsburg and Mann's Choice. On November 4, 1846, she was united in holy wedlock to William Beaver and they spent the first nine years of their married life near Schellsburg. In 1855 they removed to near Tipton, Ia. In 1861, when President Lincoln called for volunteers, the husband and father was one of the first to respond to the call and became a member of Company A, 5th Iowa volunteers. While on duty near Madison, Mo., he was killed by a rebel sharpshooter. The same year his widow and family returned to Bedford county and in 1865 she bought and located in Schellsburg, where she spent the rest of her earthly life In 1864 she gave her oldest son, a youth of but sixteen years, to the service of the Union. He was captured and lodged in Andersonville prison. His treatment received while there caused his early death. She leaves to mourn their loss a sister, Mrs Lewis Turner, of Berlin; a brother, Jacob Egolf, of Scalp; one son, William H. Beaver, postmaster at Schellsburg, and three daughters, Maria, wife of C. Danaker, of Schellsburg; Rebecca, wife of Prof. C. J. Potts, of Bedford, and Martha, wife of E G Luken, of Coffeyville, Kan. Mrs. Beaver was a devoted wife, a kind mother, a warm friend and neighbor and a liberal Christian. She became a member of the Lutheran church in early life and was ever loyal to the church of her choice. The Lutheran *Observer*, Hymnal and Bible were her daily companions during the declining years of her life and helped her to set before her continually the hope of an incorruptible crown. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. D G. Hetrick, of the Reformed church, in the Lutheran church, on Tuesday at 10 30 a m. Interment at Schellsburg.

GIDEON.

Mrs. Samuel Trout.

Mrs. Samuel Trout, who died at her home in Wolfsburg Tuesday evening, was aged twenty-two years. Her maiden name was Mamie Bishop and she was born at Mattie. Two years ago she was united in marriage to Samuel Trout, who survives her.

THANKSGIVING SERVICES.

The Sermon Was Preached by Rev. A. R Miller.

Union Thanksgiving services were held in the Reformed church yesterday morning. The sermon was preached by Rev. A. R. Miller, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, who took for his text, "The Lord hath done great things for us; whereof we are glad"—Ps. cxxvi: 3. Rev. Miller said, in part:

This text voices a national thanksgiving. The religious instinct which prompted this grateful song of the Hebrew people, on the occasion of their deliverance from captivity, is the inspired heritage of all Christian people. Most gladly, therefore, are we assembled, in response to the call of the president of this republic and the governor of the state, to engage in national thanksgiving and praise. And how appropriate this beautiful service, in which Christian denominations, differing widely in many things can come together in Christian fellowship and find a platform broad enough upon which all can stand. Here, joining hands and voices, we can sing

> "Blest be the tie that binds
> Our hearts in Christian love,"

without compromising our independence of thought or distinctiveness of practice. But met as brethren of one common Lord, children of one common Heavenly Father, to render to Him our tribute of thanksgiving and praise "for all His benefits toward us," for truly "The Lord hath done great things for us; whereof we are glad."

Great things. He has given to us this great country. Great in territorial expansion.

But a still greater thing has God done for us than the bequest of eminent domain and mighty material resources. Influenced by His spirit and protected by His providence, He led our fathers, of Anglo-Saxon blood, to establish here a Christian republic—dedicated to the principle that all men are created free and equal, with freedom of conscience, freedom of speech and freedom of press, possessing the "inalienable rights of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

General education, intellectual, moral and religious, is extended throughout all the land, to all the inhabitants thereof; the arts and sciences flourish; and Christian enterprise and evangelism achieve unparalleled triumphs; the bitterness of animosity and sectionalism is supplanted by a lofty spirit of patriotism and the bonds of our union are greatly strengthened. Providence directs the deliverance of oppressed Cuba from the power of Spanish despotism and the republic, recognizing her mission, meets the issue. And in ninety days, her fleets destroyed, her armies captured or paralyzed, the arrogant, despotic and murderous Spaniard, crestfallen, sues for peace; and retires forever from the dominion of the West Indies and the Philippine archipelago

It becomes us to recognize our twofold mission as a Christian republic; first, perfect what is lacking in our government, by the destruction of the slavery of the rum power; by securing to all our citizens the free exercise of the right of the elective franchise—in a word, "an honest ballot and a fair count;" the humane adjustment of labor and capital; the maintenance of our free schools and the use of the Bible in them; the general enlightenment, evangelization and elevation of all our people; the overthrow of monopolies which exist in the interest of the classes to the detriment of the masses; the utter destruction of the practice of lynching; the maintenance of the majesty and supremacy of the law and the courts of justice. Second, to illustrate by precept and example in the eyes of all nations the principles of civil and religious liberty.

The wonderful blessings bestowed upon us during the past year are highly significant of God's gracious favor and call loudly for thanksgiving today.

Peace at home and peace with all nations; our power and influence in the adjustment of great, international problems; the stability and triumph of our financial system, giving us a sound money circulation of more than two thousand million dollars; the products of our agricultural and industrial enterprises rivaling those of any other nation; and our commerce spread over the world, furnish special reason for praise and thankgiving. Truly, "The Lord hath done great things for us; whereof we are glad."

Institute Notes.

During the week now closing Dr. Joseph S. Walton, of the Friends' Central school, Philadelphia, has been a leading instructor of the city teachers' institute at Johnstown. He is in great demand during the season of county institutes and it was by great good fortune that he was available for our own institute, to be held next month in Bedford. His lecture on "National Honor" will be a treat to the lecture-loving people of the county.

The fact that Dr. Byron W. King, president of King's School of Oratory, Pittsburg, is appearing for the second time in Bedford will detract nothing from his power to entertain his audience. He is one of the class of men who improve on further acquaintance. In this connection a press notice from the Council Bluffs (Iowa) *Nonpareil* is not out of place:

> Mr. King is, taken all in all, the most interesting and versatile elocutionist of the day. It will be seriously regretted when he leaves for his eastern home, and he will take with him the sincere regard of this community, to whose enjoyment he has so liberally contributed. Mr. King has given twenty-three entertainment at the present session without repeating selections

The Ariel Ladies' Sextette is a unique and popular organization composed of six sisters who have sung together from childhood Those who heard the two marvelous lectures delivered in Bedford two years ago by John B De Motte will doubtless regard it as a great tribute to the Smith sisters when he says: "The especial requisites of a useful career upon the concert stage are natural richness of voice, backed by the highest, purest type of personal character. The Ariel Sextette possesses both in a remarkable degree. They are an ideal mixture of what Dr. Hawes calls 'Music and Morals.' Their concerts always leave a sweet refrain in your ear, and a nobler ambition is given the heart. If you haven't heard them, you ought."

Senator Davis Dead.

United States Senator Cushman K. Davis died at his home in St. Paul, Minn., Tuesday night.

HON. PETER SCHELL.

He Was a Useful Man In His Day and Generation.

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

He Represented Bedford County in the Legislature and Was Twice Appointed Associate Judge.

The following sketch of the life of Hon. Peter Schell has been prepared for the Bedford County Historical society:

Peter Schell was the second son of John Schell II. He was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, on August 1, 1784. On May 1, 1800, he settled in Schellsburg, having come here with his father and mother and the family, consisting of eight children. He was, therefore, about sixteen years of age when he arrived in Schellsburg, having been born and raised at Goshenhoppen, his father's home, some ten miles west of Norristown, Pa His early education was acquired in the schools of Philadelphia. On the 9th of September, 1806, he was married to Eleanor Statler, daughter of Caspar Statler and Rebecca Statler, *nee* Rebecca Walter. Eleven children blessed their union, as follows, to wit:

1st: Elizabeth—born May 30, 1808. died April 29, 1813.

2nd: Maria Katharine—born April 5, 1810; married Dr. Henry V. Bramwell, of Baltimore, Md., then practising medicine in Schellsburg. She died September 14, 1861, and Dr. Bramwell subsequently removed to Kansas City.

3rd: Samuel—born February 28, 1812, and died in infancy.

4th: John Statler Schell, merchant, born February 21, 1813; married Catharine B. Bunn. He died in Schellsburg December 27, 1890

5th: Charlotte—born April 4, 1815; married Dr. William H. Watson, of Bedford. She died November 2, 1860 Dr. Watson died May 20, 1868. He was an eminent physician of Bedford His father and his son, both named William Watson, were also distinguished physicians of Bedford. The son, William Watson, was a Division Surgeon in the United States army during the civil war. The Grand Army post of Bedford is called William Watson post, in his honor.

6th: Ellen—born April 23, 1817; married Col. Michael C. Garber, then residing in Hollidaysburg. She is still living in Madison, Ind., a remarkably active woman, and deeply interested in church and charitable work. Her husband was the editor of the Madison *Courier*, up to the time of his death. During the late civil war he was quartermaster with the rank of captain. For gallantry at the battle of Mill Creek, Ky., he was breveted major. He was mentioned in the report of Gen. George W. Morgan, for honorable service at the battle of Arkansas Post and Chickasaw Bayou. He was made a colonel, by resolution introduced by Hon. James G. Blaine, in the house of congress, for services in the Red River campaign. Successively he was brigade, division, corps, army and finally quartermaster in the field of the entire army of Gen. William T. Sherman. After the war he was tendered a commission in the regular army, but he preferred to re-enter civil life. His sons, Michael C and William S. Garber, still continue the publication of the Madison *Courier*.

7th: Ann Rebecca—born July 7 1819. She married David M. Loy, merchant, of Bedford He removed to Green Bay, Wis, where he built the dam over Fox river, and placed a line of steamboats on the lake. He died in Depere, 30th August, 1873. His widow is still living at Depere, Wis, in good health.

8th: William P. Schell, born February 18, 1822 He is still living in Bedford, in excellent health. He married Margaretta T. Reamer. She died in 1868. William P. Schell has filled many public positions of honor, district attorney, member, and speaker of the house of representatives, member of the state senate, and auditor general of Pennsylvania

9th: Abraham Emanuel Schell—born March 4, 1824; married Emma Sill They have a large family and are both living in Schellsburg, on the farm He was a lieutenant in the Mexican war, in Col. John W. Geary's 2nd regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers.

10th: Elmira Margaret—born November 19, 1824; married Col. Wm. P. Ankeny, of Somerset, who subsequently removed to Minneapolis, Minn, where he erected a large flour mill. He was postmaster of the city. He died December 20, 1877. She is still living, with her two children, in Minneapolis

11th: Louisa Josephine—born September 3, 1829, died August 28, 1857 Buried at Depere, Wis.

Peter Schell died on the 28th of October, 1862, aged seventy-eight years. His wife died on the 26th of March, 1859, aged seventy-one years. They are both buried side by side in the beautiful cemetery at Schellsburg.

He began his career as a merchant in Schellsburg, in 1810, and engaged actively in business there for a number of years, and erected the first brick house in the town. He had a natural inclination and taste for surveying, and his knowledge in that direction proved useful throughout the county. He likewise served as a justice of the peace in Napier township for many years.

In the year 1822 he was elected to represent Bedford county in the legislature of Pennsylvania. He discharged the duties of this position with integrity and fidelity. He was the colaborer and intimate friend, while in the legislature, of Joel B. Southerland and Joseph Ritner, afterwards governor of Pennsylvania. In 1827 he removed to Bedford, and engaged in mercantile pursuits there for ten years

On April 18, 1830, he was appointed an associate judge of Bedford county, by Governor George Wolf, and in the year 1832 served as burgess of Bedford. He returned to Schellsburg in 1837, and resided there during the remainder of his life, on his farm. On March 8, 1842, he was again commissioned associate judge of Bedford county, by Governor David R. Porter, for the term of five years, under the new Constitution. His mercantile career covered a period

(CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.)

BEDFORD PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Report for the Month Commencing October 29 and Ending November 23.

No. of male pupils registered to date	229
No. of female pupils registered to date	238
Total No. of pupils registered to date	467
Percentage of attendance	92
No. of pupils present every day	231
No. of visitors to school	37

HONOR ROLL.

High School—Senior Class:—Mae Stern, Ethel Corle, Ada Ritchey, Fannie Amos, Cora Rouse, Sydney Price, George Thompson, Charles Defibaugh.

Junior Class:—Thomas Shires, Mary Donahoe, Thomas Kerstetter, Jennie Lee, Pearl Lingle, Claud Boor.

C Class:—Ethel Defibaugh, Jesse Smith, Imogene Kidwell, Wallace Smith, Nellie Davidson, Sara Mardorff, Tom Gilchrist, Nellie Statler, May Arnold.

D Class:—Bessie James, Lena Leasure, Ella Reese, Margery Line, Margaret Brightbill, Irene Corle, May Stiver, Bertha Davis, Mary Enfield, Anna Gates, Hazel Smith, Josephine Smith, Myra Snell, Fannie Thompson, Ellis Davidson.

Senior Grammar:—Maud Naus, Ethel Smith, Irvin Boor, Lottie Mauk, Virginia Arnold, Louise Lessig, Edna Kellinger, Mary Thomas, Pearl Schnably, Paul Griminger.

Junior Grammar:—Marion Scott. Lulu Penrose, May Hartley, Luvenia Williams, Edythe Milburn, Magaret Statler, Alice Harclerode, Edgar Naus.

Third Intermediate:—Walter Peck, Calton Heckerman, Margaret Shuck, Nellie Manock, Charley Nagler, Joe Otto.

Second Intermediate:—Lucile Harclerode, Marion Long, Helena Rush, Monica Edmiston, Pearl Milburn, George Poole, Bessie Corle, Amy Ritchey, Charlie Brightbill, Ruth Davidson, Charlie Stern, Tom Donahoe, Sylvester Miltenberger, Mary Otto, Anna May, Lulu Naus, Hattie Arnold, May Price.

First Intermediate:—Abigail Blackburn, Helen Reese, Eben Pennell, Maude Lesh, Nellie Boor, John Dunkle, Arthur Adams.

Fourth Primary:—Henderson Points, George Cessna, John Manock, Daniel Miltenberger, Carrie Milburn, Edith Stewart, Paul Warren, John Guinn, Laurence Gilchrist, Tom Arnold, Harry Reese, Cyril Straub, Lawrence Oppenheimer, Nora Blackburn, Jessie Gates.

Third Primary:—Martha Jordan, Ross Baylor, Manon Lingle, Helen Barnett, Ruth Manock, Edith Claar, Sarah Kidwell, Hazel Barnett, Juliet Wright, Mamie Smith, Vinton Mardorff, Lottie Stiffler, Forest Reighard, Stella Jacobs, Jessie Evans.

Second Primary:—Edith Smith, Nina Defibaugh, Marguerite Stunkard, Eliza Davis, Fred Hawkins, Ruth Ritchey, Mary Bain, Vincent Straub, Mildred Hershberger, Audry Rose.

First Primary:—Valdah Brightbill. Mildred Shuck, Durbin Steiner, Lillian Mock, Henry Leasure, Elsie Carbaugh, Helena Claar, Charlie Leader, Paul Craig Hendricks, Arthur Gilchrist, Grace Davis, Clarence Spidel, Gillum Helsel, Ealor Reighard, Katie Bankus, Elsie Kee, Lista Covalt.

Surveying New Railroad Route.

The following despatch from McConnellsburg appeared in the Philadelphia *Record* of Monday: "With a view of getting into the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania the Western Maryland railroad has a corps of engineers making a preliminary survey for a railroad from Cherry Run, W. Va., through the southwestern portion of this county, to Everett, Bedford county. Coal having been found near the projected line, an opportunity is thus afforded of consummating their plans in this direction. J M. Hood, president of the Western Maryland rail road, and other officials have inspected different sections over which the survey is being made. It is believed in railroad circles that this move on the part of the Western Maryland company is the beginning of a deal that will eventually connect their system with the Pittsburg & Lake Erie road, thereby giving the Carnegie system an outlet to the Seaboard Air Line It is thought that if the road, which would be almost 125 miles in length, is constructed, a branch road would be extended from Union township, in this county, to the county seat. The people of that section are elated over the prospect of a road, because it would give them better market facilities and their mineral resources would be developed."

Mrs. David W. Prosser.

Mrs. Mary E. Prosser, wife of David W. Prosser, postmaster of Bedford, died at her home. a short distance east of this place, on Friday. She was a daughter of John and Eliza Boor and was born in Bedford on March 15, 1844. On September 25, 1867, she was united in marriage to David W. Prosser. Eight children blessed this union—four girls and four boys. Two of the former are dead. The husband, with the following children, survives her: Edward S., John M., D Ray, Mary R. and Myra, of Bedford, and William S, in the United States marine service. She is also survived by four sisters and one brother—Mrs F. M. Amos, of Hendricks, W. Va.; Mrs. Scott Lysinger, Mrs. Daniel Miller, Mrs. Watson Stiffler and John Wy. Boor, of Bedford. The funeral services were held Sunday morning and were conducted by Rev M. L. Culler, pastor of the Lutheran church, of which decedent was a faithful member. Interment was made in the Bedford cemetery. Mrs. Prosser was esteemed by all who knew her for her lovely Christian character. The bereaved husband and children have the sincere sympathy of the community.

Marriage Licenses.

Walter H Topper, of Hyndman, and Annie M. Martin, of Buffalo Mills.

Joseph L. Liles and Beckie Ellen Gates, of Bedford.

Milton Acker, of Weyant, and Delilah Ickes, of Queen.

John B Hemming, of Imlertown, and Nellie I. Weaverling, of Napier township.

Lewis Custer and Lydia C. Felix, of Napier township.

Wesley E Mortimore, of Everett, and Matilda Stuckey, of Monroe township.

Harvey T. Brown, of Scottdale, and Ella Huffman, of Harrison township.

John E. Chamberlain and Louella Kine, of Broad Top township.

CAPITAL CITY CHAT.

Letter From Our Washington Correspondent.

THE ARMY BILL.

Report of the Isthmian Canal Commission—When the Volunteers Will Be Brought Home.

Special correspondence of THE GAZETTE.

WASHINGTON, November 27—"Whatever else is left undone, hurry with the army bill." That is the sum and substance of what Mr. McKinley says to every prominent Republican senator and representative who goes to the White House. The reason he wishes the legislation for the increase of the army hurried is, that he has received a hint that the decision of the United States supreme court will be against the constitutionality of the Porto Rico act, which would mean that the United States would have to relinquish ownership of the Philippines and would consequently have no use for a large standing army. He wishes to get the big army provided for before the court hands down its decision, and it will not be surprising if the attorney general so manipulates the case as to prevent its conclusion until after the end of this congress, as Mr. McKinley might prefer not having congress in session should the decision be adverse. This story sounds incredulous, but it is being seriously talked about in political circles and there have been other cases in which administrations have been given advance hints of important decisions of the supreme court. Any member of the court can usually make a pretty nearly correct guess of how his colleagues will stand upon important decisions from their talk in a general way to each other. Whether the whole story is correct or not, it is absolutely certain that Mr. McKinley is plainly showing his anxiety for the speedy passage by congress of the army bill.

The Isthmian canal commission has handed Mr. McKinley its preliminary report. As expected, it favors the Nicaragua route for the canal. The Panama company's lobbyists are moving heaven and earth to prevent legislation by congress in favor of the Nicaragua canal.

According to Representative Hull, chairman of the house committee on military affairs, which is now trying to put together an army bill that will be supported by all the Republicans, many of whom have publicly expressed widely differing opinions of what the bill should provide for, especially as to the number of men, the volunteers in the Philippines will not be brought home until regulars, enlisted under the bill not even yet written, can be sent to take their places. At least, that is a fair construction to place upon Mr. Hull's own words—"The army now in the Philippines will have to be brought home in the summer, that is, those of the men who do not care to re-enlist. The transports which go out for them should depart laden with the troops who are to replace them"

Representative Champ Clark, of Missouri, returned to Washington, feeling as chipper as usual. He said: "I am not downcast or discouraged by the licking we got. The most unpleasant feature is it will take us six or eight years to get the senate. As to the proposition to reorganize the Democratic party, it is a fact in natural history that the tail cannot wag the dog; and the same is true in politics. The party does not need reorganization, to begin with. It is thoroughly organized, and even if it were to be reorganized, it would not be from the outside. We want everybody to come in that feels like helping us, but we have a perfect organization of our own." Of the probable work of this session of congress Mr. Clark said: "I think this will be an extremely busy session The main thing the Republicans will do will be to ratify the Hay-Pauncefote treaty and pass a Nicaragua canal bill, in accordance with it, and to pass Mark Hanna's ship subsidy bill. If the supreme court decides the Porto Rican act unconstitutional, then the Republicans will run races with us as to which will drop the Philippines first But if it is decided to be constitutional, then this session of congress will have to pass some kind of a bill for the government and control of the islands. This, with the routine measures and the new apportionment under the last census, will make it an exceedingly busy session."

The reception of the proposition advanced by the radical Republicans to reduce the representation of the southern states which have restricted negro suffrage has been of such general condemnation that it has been abandoned for the present session and will not figure in the re-apportionment bill, which will doubtless become a law in the near future, but some of its advocates hint their intention to try to get the question before the long session of the next congress.

In the case of Minister Conger this government is presenting the extraordinary spectacle of keeping a man at his post, which is supposed to carry much authority and discretion, and at the same time proposing a scheme to the powers, to absolutely ignore him Because Minister Conger has views of his own, instead of having adopted those with which the Chinese minister at Washington has inoculated the McKinley administration. a proposition has been made by this government to the powers interested to take the negotiation for a settlement with China out of the hands of the foreign ministers at Pekin and make a fresh start through a commission. The ground for this is the alleged fear that the present negotiations will fail because the foreign ministers at Pekin cannot agree.

Lutheran Church Service.

On Saturday, December 1, Bald Hill, 2 30 p. m., preparatory service; Sabbath, at 10 a. m., Lord's Supper; 2 30 p. m, service at St. Mark's.

J. W. LINGLE, Pastor.

Wolfsburg Circuit.

Preaching next Sunday, December 2, at Rainsburg 10 30 a. m. Trans Run, 3 p. m; Wolfsburg, 7 30 p m.

Revival meeting every night during the week at Wolfsburg. Everybody invited. FRANCIS E. PURCELL, Pastor.

COURT NOTES.

Report of the Proceedings of the November Term

Estate of Jacob Besser, a supposed decedent, proof of publication of notice filed.

Commonwealth vs. Adam Rinard; charge, rape. Motion for a new trial and ten days additional to file reasons allowed.

Estate of Jason Hanks, late of Everett borough, deceased, petition for an auditor filed.

Estate of Dennis Close, late of Londonderry township, deceased, inventory and appraisement, with election of the widow, under Act of 1883, filed.

In re-Bedford and Chambersburg Turnpike company case, motion to determine qualification of viewers filed.

Bond of H. W. Holler, committee of Peter Young, filed.

Bond of Katharine Williams, administratrix of J. B Williams, deceased, filed.

Estate of Matthias Onstadt, deceased, return of sale confirmed.

Petition of sundry citizens of Broad Top township, for an order on the board of said township to open a free evening school at Kearney, filed

Estate of Jacob W Mench, late of East Providence township, deceased, return of sale confirmed. Same estate, bond filed and approved.

Estate of David Stayer, late of South Woodbury township, deceased, return of sale confirmed.

B. F. Dunkle vs. the Bedford Industrial company: Summons in assumpsit. Plaintiff claims the sum of $368 50 for rent The jury returned a verdict that it finds for the plaintiff the sum of $302.

John C. Wright, executor of Jacob W Miller, deceased, vs. Charlotte Risling: Scire facias to revive judgment The jury returned a verdict that it finds for the defendant

FATALLY BURNED.

Sad Death of a Little Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Nycum.

A sad accident resulting in the death of a little girl occurred at Mt. Dallas on Thursday of last week. Two daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Nycum, who reside at that place, went to the woods to play and while there set fire to some leaves, which ignited the clothing of the youngest. Before her sister could extinguish the flames she was badly burned. Dr. Walter Hill was hastily summoned and did all he could to relieve the unfortunate child. but she had inhaled the flames and death relieved her suffering at 7 o'clock the same evening. She was aged about two years and six months

The body of the little one was taken to Shreve's Chapel Saturday afternoon. where appropriate funeral services were held, conducted by Rev. W. G. Slifer, pastor of the Clearville Methodist Episcopal church. Interment was made in the burial ground adjoining the church.

Mrs. Richard T. Foor

Mary A., wife of Richard T. Foor, of near Ray's Hill, passed away November 22, aged sixty-seven years, two months and three days Mrs. Foor, while she had been afflicted for some time. did not become seriously ill until the Sunday preceding her death. The deceased was a daughter of the late William and Elizabeth Gray. She was a kind-hearted, Christian woman and had a host of friends who were always greeted with a cordial welcome at her home. She leaves to survive her an aged husband, five daughters and four sons, namely, William A. and Belle wife of Frank Wright, of Ray's Hill; Kate, wife of Warren Himes, of Berlin; Emma, wife of John Metz, of Graceville; Rule, wife of James Lane, of Broad Top township; Charles, of Ray's Cove; Carrie, widow of the late Thomas Foor; Harry and George W., at home. Funeral services were held in the Lutheran church at Ray's Hill and were conducted by Rev. G. Z. Stup. A large concourse of relatives and friends followed the remains to their last resting place in the beautiful cemetery adjoining the church.

Mrs. Elizabeth W. Souder.

Mrs Elizabeth W. Souder was born in Philadelphia on March 3, 1817 On March 11, 1843, she was united in marriage to W. F. Souder and until his death the family resided in Columbia county. In 1873 Mrs. Souder came to Bedford county and made her home with her daughter. Mrs R. E Ashcom, of Riddlesburg. When Mrs. Ashcom went to Philadelphia to live Mrs Souder accompanied her. While making calls on November 5 she slipped and fell on the pavement in Philadelphia and fractured her thigh. She was taken to St. Luke's hospital for treatment and died there, of blood poisoning, on November 16 She was buried from her daughter's home on November 19 Interment in the Lowen burial ground, Germantown The deceased was a consistent member of the M. E church, was loved and held in high esteem by all who knew her. She leaves to mourn her departure a daughter, Mrs. Ashcom, now of Philadelphia, and a son, W. F. Souder. of Riddlesburg

Harry Smith.

Harry Smith, of Belden, died Wednesday morning, of typhoid fever He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Smith, of Bedford township, and was about thirty-four years old. Several years ago he was united in marriage to a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M Morehead, of Belden. For a number of years he conducted a store at Belden. Some time ago he sold the store and since then has been buying and shipping cattle to the city. He was an active, successful business man and was well known throughout the county.

An Enjoyable Social Event.

Rev. and Mrs. Irvin W. Hendricks observed the tenth anniversary of their marriage Tuesday evening of this week by entertaining to dinner the elders of the Reformed church and their wives—Mr. and Mrs. John P. Reed, Dr. and Mrs. A. C. Daniels, Mr and Mrs. J Scott Corl, Mr. and Mrs. E. M Pennell The guests greatly enjoyed the hours spent with their pastor and his wife, both of whom, during their residence here, have won the love and esteem not only of the members of the Reformed church but of the whole community.

MENTIONED IN BRIEF.

Town Talk and Neighborhood Notes.

MANY ITEMS OF INTEREST

Gleaned From Various Sources—Little Points Picked Up By Vigilant Reporters.

The four-year-old son of William Ickes, of Imler, died on Monday.

Work of the pension bureau: Jacob Herrold, of Saxton, $10.

The Reuben Colvin farm near Schellsburg is offered for sale. See ad. on fourth page.

Merchant S. F. Statler will have a big ad. in GAZETTE next week. Don't fail to read it.

On Tuesday Sol. S. Diehl, a well known farmer of Friend's Cove, with his family, removed to Ridgeley, W. Va.

Daniel Lamberson, *alias* "Daniel Hanks," of the Everett *Republican*, has moved from Shover's Valley to Boydstown.

The managers of the Metropolitan Clothing and Shoe House announce a "bigger cut" in their great sacrifice sale. See ad. on fourth page.

The usual monthly musicale will be held at the home of Mrs T. H Lyons Tuesday evening, December 4, at 7:30 o'clock All are cordially invited.

Fannie Arvilla, the two-weeks-old daughter of Mr and Mrs. Charles W. Thompson, of Meyersdale, died on Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Thompson formerly lived in Bedford.

The population of Bedford county for the past three decades was as follows: 1880, 34,929; 1890, 38,644; 1900, 39,468. The increase from 1880 to 1890 was 3,715; from 1890 to 1900, 824.

A broken axle caused a freight wreck on the Pennsylvania railroad at Napier on Friday in which thirteen cars were more or less damaged. No one was hurt. The occupants of the passenger trains were transferred.

The Holy Communion will be celebrated in the Reformed church at Schellsburg on December 9. Preparatory service will be held Saturday morning, December 8, at 10 o'clock. Services also Friday evening, December 7. Rev. Lewis Robb, of Altoona, will be present and preach at the Friday evening and Saturday morning services.

Mrs. Samuel Trout, of Wolfsburg died Tuesday evening, November 27, after a few days' illness. She was a member of the Wolfsburg M. E. church, and in consequence of the suddenness of the call, the pastor—Rev. F E. Purcell—decided to begin the revival meeting at Wolfsburg at once, instead of at Rainsburg, as previously announced.

A mortgage for $300,000. given by the Great Eastern Seaboard Coal Mining company, of Philadelphia, to the Commonwealth Title Insurance and Trust company, of Philadelphia, has been entered for record in the recorder's office of Bedford. The revenue stamps on the document amount to $149 50. Stamps amounting to $400 were placed on the deed given by Samuel P. Langdon to the Great Eastern Seaboard Coal Mining company. A charter issued by the commonwealth of Pennsylvania to this company, August 8, 1900, has also been placed on record in the recorder's office at this place.

Personal Notes.

Dr. A. Enfield spent a few days this week in McKeesport.

Mr. Henry B. Keagy, of Waterside, was in town on Tuesday.

Prof. D M Wonders, of New Paris, was in Bedford on Wednesday.

Mr Hugh Moore, of Wilkinsburg, is spending a few days with friends in Bedford.

Mr H. Bertram Cessna has returned from a visit to relatives and friends in Nebraska and the western part of Pennsylvania

Among Tuesday's visitors to Bedford were Messrs. J. M. Kennell, of Hyndman, G. W. Cunard, of Everett, and J. E. Blackburn, of Alum Bank.

Among those from a distance who attended the funeral of Mrs. D. W. Prosser on Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. F M. Amos, of Hendricks, W. Va.

The wide-awake Adams express agent at this place, Mr. C. A. Willoughby, spent a few days this week with relatives and friends in Huntingdon.

In Fort Gates.

Within the past few days the following persons have been placed in jail here:

Robert Jones; charge, carrying concealed deadly weapons, shooting and threatening to kill and to commit robbery.

William Barclay; charge, carrying concealed deadly weapons and threatening to shoot when arrested.

Edward Nolan; charge, carrying concealed deadly weapons

Edward Reagan, same charge.

John Hines; charge, carrying concealed deadly weapons, threatening to kill and shooting with intent to kill.

Frank Smith, *alias* John Field, same charge.

Samuel Granson, same charge.

Henry Hopkins, same charge.

All of the prisoners were arrested at Hyndman except the four last named They had been at Hyndman. but fled, and were captured at Connellsville. All but three are negroes One of them—Reagan—has a bad cut in his head, the penalty for resisting arrest.

Bedford Athletic Association.

A number of the young men of this place recently formed an organization to be known as the Bedford Athletic association, purchased a gymnasium outfit and rented rooms in the Brode building. The members are J Russell Gephart, president; Prof. D. C Stunkard, vice president; Charles E Middleton, secretary; William Brice, Jr., treasurer; Dr. L. D Blackwelder, Senator J. S. Weller, Prof. G S. Miller, J R Jordan, F. W. Jordan, Jr., William Beam, Charles Beard, Percy Middleton, Edgardo Bello, David Hershiser, A. L Little, Esq, D. C. Reiley, Esq., Harry Chamberlain, J. F. Harclerode.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Bedford Gazette.

Established in 1805.

THE GAZETTE is the leading newspaper of Bedford county and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE IS A MODEL AMONG COUNTRY NEWSPAPERS.—*New York World.*

Regular subscription price per year...$2.00

If paid in advance...$1.50

All communications should be addressed to

The Gazette Publishing Co., BEDFORD, Pa.

Friday Morning, Nov. 30, 1900.

SENATOR PETTIGREW'S PREDICTION.

Senator Pettigrew, the prominent South Dakota Republican, makes the following prophecy:

"I predict the formation of a new party based on the protests of the outraged people against Republicanism as taught by Mark Hanna. For weeks I have told the national committee we were defeated in South Dakota, but they have kept claiming the state and I have been working for political effect. Of course I will be in the new party. What it will be called is of little moment. It may be 'social labor' or it may be the new democracy. It will be made up of persons discontented with the elements in politics, as a protest against the existing conditions and the present tendency of things. The movement will grow rapidly, and, I believe, will defeat the Republican party in 1904. The Mark Hanna Republicanism menaces the republic. The concentration of wealth will create an influence soon to restrict the right of suffrage until capitalists will say no one is fit to take part in the government who does not know enough to make money. At first the limits will include a small majority, and then the amount will be raised until there is nominally a Simon-pure illiteracy."

THE SITUATION IN THE PHILIPPINES.

The long list of casualties in the Philippines continues to carry consternation to many households and spread a pall of sadness over many communities. In his first report to the war department Maj-Gen. MacArthur, military governor of the Philippines, presents a discouraging view of the conditions in our far-off "colony." Accompanying General MacArthur's report were the reports of the various staff officers under his command.

Colonel Greenleaf, referring to the health conditions, reports that in June, 1900, out of a total of 63,284 American soldiers in the islands, there were 5,563 sick, or 8.79 per cent. Regarding the mortality record, he says: "The number of deaths in the army has steadily increased and a diminution of the death rate can scarcely be expected.

"The number of men shot from ambush by small guerrilla bands now exceeds those killed at any previous time and as time progresses and the men become more and more debilitated by the tropical service the more marked will become the ratio of deaths.

"For the six months from January 31 to July 31, 1900, there died 24 officers and 971 enlisted men, of whom four officers and 204 enlisted men were killed in action and three officers and 43 enlisted men died of wounds, the other deaths—namely, 17 officers and 624 men—occurring from various diseases. This is an average of 4 7 daily." The colonel says there is a scarcity of medical officers in the Philippines.

In his report General MacArthur describes the effect of the changed policy in the distribution of the American troops. He says that there were 53 military stations in the archipelago on November 1, 1899, and 413 stations on September 1, 1900. "This resulted in a large number of minor affairs, many of which did not assume the dignity of a regular combat, though the casualties between the dates stated were 268 Americans killed, 750 wounded and 55 captured, the Filipino losses during the same time being 3,227 killed, 694 wounded and 2,864 captured."

"The extensive distribution of the troops," says the general, "has strained the soldiers of the army to the full limit of endurance."

And this, in the opinion of the administration's own mouthpieces, is the condition of affairs in the Philippines, the inhabitants of which, it has been announced time and time again by government officials, were conquered and ready to lay down their arms. Verily, "the end is not yet."

IT is a monstrous doctrine that the Constitution does not extend to the territories. It has only now been invoked to justify the proposed establishment of colonial governments which are confessedly to be and remain outside of the Constitution.—*David B. Hill.*

GOVERNOR ELECT ODELL, of New York, has filed an official statement alleging that his expenses during the campaign were $7,000. This is most encouraging to poor men and gives them great hopes that by their own exertions they may attain to high political honors. Times have changed since the early days of the republic, when brains counted for more than money.

Made Young Again.

"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my 'teens' again," writes D. H. Turner of Dempseytown, Pa. They're the best in the world for Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Purely vegetable. Never grip. Only 25c at J. R. Irvine & Co's drug store.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents.

THE OFFICIAL RETURNS.

Vote Cast for Presidential Nominees In Pennsylvania.

The official returns of the late election have been received at the state department, which has tabulated them and had them printed for distribution. There were 1,173,210 votes cast for president, of which McKinley received 712,665, having a plurality over Bryan of 288,333 and a majority over all of 232,120. The following is the vote for president on the Republican and Democratic tickets:

	McKinley.	Bryan.
Adams	3,718	3,967
Allegheny	71.780	27,311
Armstrong	6 443	3,438
Beaver	6,759	4,076
Bedford	4,790	3,445
Berks	13 952	19,013
Blair	9,749	4,528
Bradford	8,625	4,211
Bucks	9 263	7,387
Butler	6 303	4,465
Cambria	10,476	7,168
Cameron	971	514
Carbon	4 222	4,149
Centre	4,684	4,339
Chester	13,809	6 214
Clarion	3,002	3,472
Clearfield	7 955	6,966
Clinton	3 157	2,879
Columbia	2 954	4,982
Crawford	7,705	7,000
Cumberland	5 587	5,428
Dauphin	14,077	7,390
Delaware	13,794	4 249
Elk	3,254	3,105
Erie	11,816	7 281
Fayette	9,637	7,650
Forest	1,309	714
Franklin	6 483	4,500
Fulton	1,039	1 224
Greene	2 427	3 674
Huntingdon	4,645	1,989
Indiana	5 687	1,767
Jefferson	5,950	3,063
Juniata	1,805	1,621
Lackawanna	16 763	14,728
Lancaster	33,230	8,437
Lawrence	6,313	2,754
Lebanon	7,089	3,050
Lehigh	9,775	10,438
Luzerne	21,793	16 470
Lycoming	7,750	7,427
McKean	6 319	3 427
Mercer	6 950	4 916
Mifflin	2,594	1,842
Monroe	1,264	3,054
Montgomery	17,051	11,208
Montour	1,292	1,875
Northampton	9,849	11,412
Northumberland	8,366	7,989
Perry	3 400	2,440
Philadelphia	173 657	58,179
Pike	694	1,236
Potter	3,224	2,147
Schuylkill	15,327	14,496
Snyder	2,517	1,319
Somerset	6 677	2,151
Sullivan	1,266	1,376
Susquehanna	5,019	3 527
Tioga	7,458	2,638
Union	2,810	1,359
Venango	5,931	4,014
Warren	5,609	2,500
Washington	10,408	6,380
Wayne	3,229	2,647
Westmoreland	16.014	11,010
Wyoming	2,347	1,875
York	12,327	13,732
Total	712,665	424,232

The other candidates for president received the following votes: Woolley, Pro., 27,908; Malloney, Socialist Labor, 2,936; Barker, Peoples', 638; Debs, Socialist, 4,831.

The End of the World in 1914.

A famous scientist predicts that the world will come to an end in 1914, basing his calculations on the revelations of the Bible. If this is so, it is well for us to get what pleasure we can out of the few years that remain for us to live. One of the surest ways to enjoy life is the possession of good health, and a well regulated stomach. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will enable anyone to obtain this. It is the greatest medicine for the cure of ills that arise from a bad stomach. It cures dyspepsia, constipation, fever and ague, malaria, rheumatism and insomnia. No other medicine can show a record equal to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the standard medicine of the American people for over fifty years.

Hungarians Sentenced.

The ten Hungarians convicted at the September term of court of voluntary manslaughter were called up before Judge Longenecker in Somerset recently. Two were sent to the penitentiary for a period of one year, one was given six months and three three months in the county jail and four were discharged. The eleventh man accused of the crime escaped from the custody of a deputy-sheriff while the case was being tried. The crime of which the ten men were convicted occurred at Windber on the Fourth of July, when the defendants undertook to break up a picnic being held by a Greek society of that place, resulting in the death of one man.

Baldness.

It has been found on study of 300 cases of loss of hair that baldness prevails most with unmarried men, which is contrary to the general belief. The worries of the bachelor may be fewer, but they are more trying to the scalp than are the multitudinous cares of the man of family. Most bald people are found to lead indoor lives, and almost all of them belong to the intellectual class. Usually the loss of hair begins before the thirtieth year. In woman it usually constitutes a general thinning; in men it affects the top of the head. Diseases that affect the general nutrition of the body are likely to thin the hair. Heredity is a factor. If one has baldheaded ancestors, all the drugs of the pharmacopœia will not bring out flowing locks. —Argonaut.

Four to One.

An English officer in Malta stopped in riding to ask a native the way. He was answered by a shrug of the shoulders and a "No speak English."

"You're a fool then," said the officer. But the man knew enough English to ask:

"Do you understand Maltese?"

"No."

"Do you know Arabic?"

"No."

"Do you know Italian?"

"No."

"Do you know Greek?"

"No."

"Then you four fools. I only one!"—Youth's Companion.

An Incredulous Lawmaker.

It is recalled that when the projector of the railroad up Mount Washington sought a charter from the New Hampshire legislature one of the lawmakers, in his speech on the subject, said, "Give the fool permission, but he might as well ask for a railroad to the moon!" But the railroad is still running to the Tip Top House.—Buffalo Commercial.

Little Lucy's Prayer.

One evening little Lucy knelt to lisp her evening prayer. Her little heart was bursting with self satisfaction—she had been so exemplary all through the day. "O Lord," she said, "make me very good, even better than I am."

Many an older person thinks this prayer if he does not dare to put it into words.—Oswego Times.

Drying preparations simply develop dry catarrh; they dry up the secretions which adhere to the membrane and decompose, causing a far more serious trouble than the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all drying inhalants and use that which cleanses, soothes and heals. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy and will cure catarrh or cold in the head easily and pleasantly. All druggists sell it at 50 cents or it will be mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

International S. S. Lesson for December 2

THE RICH YOUNG RULER. Matt. 19: 16-26.

GOLDEN TEXT.—"Children, how hard is it for them that trust in riches to enter into the Kingdom of God!" Mark 10:24.

And behold, one came to Jesus and said, "Master, what good thing shall I do, that I may have eternal life?" And He said unto him, "Why asketh thou me concerning that which is good? One there is who is good; but if thou wouldest enter into life, keep the commandments." He said unto Him, "Which?" And Jesus said, "Thou shalt not kill, thou shalt not commit adultery, thou shalt not steal, thou shalt not bear false witness, honor thy father and thy mother, and thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself." The young man saith unto Him, "All these things have I observed; what lack I yet?" Jesus said unto him, "If thou wouldest be perfect, go, sell that thou hast and give to the poor and thou shalt have treasures in heaven; and come, follow me."

But when the young man heard the saying, he went away sorrowful; for he was one that had great possessions. And Jesus said unto His disciples, "Verily I say unto you, it is hard for a rich man to enter into the kingdom of heaven. And again I say unto you, it is easier for a camel to go through a needle's eye than for a rich man to enter the kingdom of God." And when the disciples heard it, they were astonished exceedingly, saying, "Who then can be saved?" And Jesus looking upon them said to them, "With men this is impossible; but with God all things are possible."

Then answered Peter and said unto Him, "Lord, we have left all and followed Thee; what then shall we have?" And Jesus said unto them, "Verily I say unto you, that ye which have followed me, in the regeneration when the Son of man shall sit on the throne of His glory, ye also shall sit upon twelve thrones, judging the twelve tribes of Israel. And every one that hath left houses, or children, or lands, for my name's sake, shall receive a hundred fold, and shall inherit eternal life. But many shall be last that are first; and first that are last.

"For the kingdom of heaven is like unto a man that is a householder, which went out early in the morning to hire laborers in his vineyard. And when he had agreed with the laborers for a penny a day he sent them into his vineyard. And he went out about the third hour and saw others standing in the market place idle; and to them he said, Go ye also into the vineyard and whatever is right I will give you. And they went their way. Again he went out about the sixth and the ninth hour and did likewise. And about the eleventh hour he went out and found others standing; and he saith unto them, Why stand ye here all the day idle? They say unto him, Because no man hath hired us. He saith unto them, Go ye also into the vineyard.

"And when even was come, the lord of the vineyard said unto his steward, Call the laborers and pay them their hire, beginning from the last unto the first. And when they came that were hired about the eleventh hour they received every man a penny. And when the first came they supposed that they would receive more; and they likewise received every man a penny."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O., WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

WHEN DOGS ARE SICK.

The Way to Give Medicine to These Highly Sensitive Patients.

In all treatment of a sick dog remember you are dealing with a highly sensitive and nervous patient. Be very gentle, avoid roughness or anything likely to alarm him. In giving him any liquid medicine do not open his mouth, but, placing him between your knees, with his face looking in the same direction as your own, gently raise his jaw and, pulling his lips away from his teeth on one side of his mouth, to form a cup or funnel, very slowly pour from bottle or spoon the quantity he is to have into it.

Keep his head raised for a minute or two and if he does not swallow the dose insert a spoon between his front teeth. This will have the effect of drawing off his attention from the medicine and he will usually swallow at once. If the dose is a pill, bolus or anything solid, hold his head the same way as before mentioned, but with the left hand under lower jaw, press firmly on each side with thumb and finger at the junction of upper and lower jaws.

This will usually cause him to open his mouth, when the dose should be put into the mouth as far back as possible over the tongue (or he will spit it out) and close the jaws somewhat sharply, and in most cases the deed is done. If any trouble arises with the action of his front paws this may be got over by wrapping him round with a shawl or coarse apron.

When once you have got into the way of it, you will be surprised how simple it is. I am quite sure a practiced owner or kennelsman would dose a dozen dogs while a novice was making a bungle over one.—"All About Dogs," by Charles Henry Lane.

A Thieves' Trick.

A mastiff was trained to assist thieves in Paris. It was in the habit of bounding against old gentlemen and knocking them over in the street. A "lady" and "gentleman"—owners of the dog—would then step forward to assist the unfortunate pedestrian to rise, and while doing so would ease him of his watch and purse.

Leisure Class.

Lord Sayvan-De Livrus—Ah, but your leisure clawss in this country have no titles.

Miss Sharpe—Nonsense! What's the matter with "hobo," "Weary Willie," "Dusty Roads," and so on?—Philadelphia Press.

Nearer at Hand.

"Did you ever reflect on the immensity of the solar system?"

"No. I've got my mind full reflecting on the size of the note I have to pay next week."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

To the Deaf.

A rich lady cured of her Deafness and Noises in the head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave $10,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Address No. 10129 V, The Nicholson Institute, 780, Eighth Avenue, New York, U. S. A. sept14y1

SURGEONS' THREAD.

Materials That Are Used To Sew Up Cuts and Wounds.

Imagine a tailor who deliberately plans to have the stitches be so carefully sews give way at a certain time. Suppose he should use one kind of thread in a coat warranted to break in one week, another kind in the trousers guaranteed to fall apart in a month and using permanent material only in making up a waistcoat. Yet this is exactly what the surgeon does every day. Sutures, as the surgeon's thread is called, are made from various materials, according to the requirements. Catgut, silk thread, silkworm gut, silver wire, kangaroo tendons and horsehair are in common use.

Catgut was at one time obtained from members of the feline tribe. As its use increased the supply ran short. Experiments showed that sheep furnished an acceptable substitute. So catgut used by surgeons, jewelers and makers of musical instruments comes now from the submucosa, or middle layer of the intestine of a sheep. It is the most commonly used of all suturing material. Catgut stitches are absorbed in from five to seven days, depending on the individual upon whom they are used. In occasional instances catgut stitches have been known to be absorbed in 30 hours. By treating it with chromic acid such a suture will remain in position for many weeks. Because of its adaptability and the cheapness of the material catgut heads the list of surgical threads.

Silkworm gut can be more thoroughly sterilized than any other known suture material. In preparing sutures of all sorts the usual method is to boil the material in ether, allow it to soak for 24 hours, then place it in alcohol for a day or two and follow this with a bath of mercury solution. Notwithstanding this thorough cleansing, the microscope reveals germs still present in varying numbers in many instances. Silkworm sutures show fewer microorganisms than other materials treated in this way; hence it is highly recommended for surgical work. The material is extracted from a silkworm killed immediately before it begins to weave its cocoon. Unfortunately for surgeons, silkworm sutures are not absorbed, but remain permanently in place. For this reason its use is restricted to special work.

The short, tough tendons taken from the tail of a kangaroo furnish surgeons with a valuable thread. Kangaroo tendon stitches will hold fast for many days. The time of absorption is estimated from four weeks to two months.

Horsehair and silver wire sutures are nonabsorbable. The fluids of the body do not affect them in any way, and once in place the stitches will remain until forcibly removed. By some it is asserted that silver wire has distinct antiseptic properties. Nitrate of silver in solution is known to be a good germicide. Hence it is argued that a silver salt injurious to germ development is formed by the contact of body fluids with silver wire. Thus stitch abscesses are said to be of rare occurrence when silver wire is utilized.

Silk thread, such as is used by tailors, but of the finest quality and of larger caliber, is frequently used. The stitches are practically nonabsorbable, though at times no trace of the thread has been found in the tissue at the expiration of a year.

To accommodate this assortment of threads special varieties of needles are naturally required. A surgeon's "housewife" contains needles that would scarcely be recognized as such by the uninitiated. Besides the needles curved in different segments of a circle, surgeons use needles shaped like spears, javelins and bayonet points. Some are as long as bodkins, terminating in a point like a miniature knife blade. Others have the sharpened end triangular, with the apices of the angles sharpened to a razor edge. Some few are formed like ordinary sewing needles, but made of greater tensile strength.

Instead of a thimble a surgeon uses an instrument called a needle holder. It is shaped like a pair of scissors, the points of which are blunt clamps. The needle is held fast between the jaws of the clamps until released by opening the two blades as scissors are opened. Then a fresh hold is taken, and the action repeated with every stitch.

A skillful surgeon has perfect command of the needle at all times. There are moments during an operation when a well placed stitch means saving the life of a patient. At such times the skillful surgeon displays a celerity and deftness not surpassed in embroidery.

The surgeon relies upon certain stitches for different needs, just as the dressmaker picks and chooses among the various forms of stitching. The hemstitch, catstitch, whalebone, herringbone, running stitch and back hand so dear to the feminine fingers have their counterparts in the surgeon's mattress suture, interrupted and continuous suture, subcuticular suture, purse string and figure eight sutures, Lembert and Czerney sutures. As the seamstress selects an appropriate stitch for a seam, a buttonhole or an edging, so the surgeon chooses in forming his life saving stitches.—New York Sun.

Her Way.

"Is Georgiana a sympathetic friend?"

"Well, when she praises anything I wear she does it in a way which makes me feel that everything I usually wear is simply hideous."—Indianapolis Journal.

Mutual Recognition.

"Bless my soul!" explained the man with the iron gray beard, cordially extending his hand. "Ain't you the towheaded boy that used to worry the life out of me 25 years ago, back in old Chemung county, by climbing my orchard fence and stealing my apples?"

"If you're the infernally mean and stingy old hunks who owned that orchard and used to set your dog on any boy who came within half a mile of it, I am," replied the younger man, grasping the proffered hand and shaking it heartily.—Chicago Tribune.

To Be Concise.

"Young man," said the editor to the budding journalist who brought him a column story which could have been told better in ten lines, "when a man discovers his house is ablaze he doesn't go to the window and tell the passers-by that 'half an hour ago what threatened to be a terrible conflagration broke out in the upper story of the palatial mansion occupied by Mr. Jeremiah Dickens.' He simply rushes to the front and shouts 'Fire!' Be concise, young man."





when you are well, to rub and scrub, but when the back aches and the head throbs, a woman's work is hourly torment. No woman can be strong and healthy of body who is the victim of those womanly diseases which are often responsible for feminine sufferings. Women who have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for the cure of diseases of the womanly organs, say that work doesn't tire them any more. "Favorite Prescription" regulates the periods, dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription," neither opium, cocaine or any other narcotic.

"I had poor health for nine years (ever since the birth of my child)," writes Mrs. Armintie Watkins, of Acme, Kanawha Co., W. Va. "Had female weakness, was very irregular and would suffer untold misery. Our family doctor did not do me any good and I concluded to write to you. When I wrote I had no idea that I would ever get well, but when your letter reached me I began to have hope. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's medicines as directed and began to improve in strength. I was soon able to do the work for my family of six. I think there never were such medicines in the world. I took eight bottles, three of 'Favorite Prescription' and five of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and two vials of 'Pellets.'"

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

THE HEDGE.

Fair neighbor of the thatched cot,
With gloire de Dijon clustered gable,
So star sweet, on from plot to plot
Thou trippest, like a nymph of fable.

So blithe thy smile, so soft thy tone,
Thy love so good a life to lad in,
I'd fain the hedge were overthrown
And our two gardens made one Eden!

But "No!" cries Wisdom. "Spare the fence,
The thorn, the ivy blackbirds nest in;
Leave something for the finer sense,
Some dream of joy to hope and rest in,

"Some glad surprise, some mystery
Of inconceivably sweet meaning!"
Wisdom is wise. My friend and I
Scarce press the topmost twigs by leaning.
—G. D. C. in Good Words.

NIGHTMARE.

The Sensation That Always Makes a Man a Coward.

"Strange that we are always so cowardly in nightmares," remarked a New Orleans lawyer who has a taste for the bizarre. "I don't believe anybody ever lived who stood up and made a square stand against the amorphous horror that invariably pursues us in such visions. When I have a nightmare and the usual monster gets on my trail, my blood turns to water, and my conduct would disgrace a sheep. I am beside myself with stark, downright fear, and I have no idea left in my head except to run like a rabbit. All pride, self respect, dread of ridicule and even the instinct of self defense are scattered to the winds, and I believe, honestly, I would be capable of any infamy in order to escape. I have no hesitation in confessing this, because, as far as I have been able to find out, everybody acts exactly the same way in the throes of nightmare, and I feel certain I would not make such a pitiable spectacle of myself in real life, no matter what might befall.

"I think that the explanation of the nightmare panic is to be found in the fact that the dream is almost invariably accompanied by a sense of suffocation. It is well established that choking—the 'shutting off of one's wind,' to use a homely phrase—has an effect upon the mind which is entirely distinct and different from that produced by any other form of pain or peril. It fills the victim with such horror and distraction that he is for the moment insane. He will do anything to get relief. This has been brought out on more than one occasion in the defense of men who have been choked and killed their assailants, and judges have held that the circumstances of such an attack should be given special consideration as extenuating the deed. In dreams the entire nervous system is relaxed, and it is natural to suppose that the mental effect of suffocation would be intensified. At least, that is the best apology I have to offer for my sprints through nightmare land."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Habit In a Horse's Work.

"When I retired from the contracting business a short time ago," said a well known man, "I had a number of horses that I was anxious to dispose of. Among them was one named Jerry, which for several years had been used to working on a drum. In such work a horse becomes accustomed to lifting his feet high to avoid striking the hoisting ropes. When the horses were put under the hammer, Jerry went to a Harlem grocer.

"About a week later the purchaser of Jerry called at my house and told me that he had a lot of trouble with the horse. He said that Jerry would go a short distance, when he would stop short and lift his feet high, and after doing this would go a little farther, only to repeat it again. I told the grocer why the horse stopped short and lifted his feet and also advised him to look up some contractor and sell the animal to him for hoisting purposes. He did so, notifying me that he received a larger price than he paid me for the horse."—New York Sun.

How He Got It.

In one of Chauncey M. Depew's stories he told of meeting a man as funny as himself.

"One day," said Mr. Depew, "I met a soldier who had been wounded in the face. He was a Union man, and I asked him in which battle he had been injured.

"'In the last battle of Bull Run, sir,' he replied.

"'But how could you get hit in the face at Bull Run?' I asked.

"'Well, sir,' said the man, half apologetically, 'after I had run a mile or two I got careless and looked back.'"

Sulphur Will Put Out Fires.

Grant me space in your paper to make more generally known a fact which has been known to me many years and doubtless to others, that sulphur thrown into the fire of a stove, furnace or fireplace will instantly extinguish the fire in a chimney or flue. If a small bag or parcel of sulphur, say three or four ounces, were kept in a handy place and used when needed as directed above, it might be the means of saving property and perhaps life.—Letter in New York Times.

A Success.

"Was the wedding a success?"

"I guess so. The bride's mother was in tears, the groom's mother went her one better and had hysterics, you couldn't hear a word of the ceremony, and the church was so crowded that three women fainted. Yes, it was a success all right."—Life.

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Genessee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.:

Gentlemen:—Our family realize so much from the use of GRAIN-O that I feel I must say a word to induce others to use it. If people are interested in their health and the welfare of their children they will use no other beverage. I have used them all, but GRAIN-O I have found superior to any, for the reason that it is solid grain.

Yours for health, C. F. MYERS.

STICK TO SIMPLE FOOD.

The American Business Man's Pace Demands Easily Digested Dishes.

"There was in the old days far less wear and tear upon the nerves, and, under such conditions, digestion was more completely performed," writes Mrs. S. T. Rorer of "Why I Am Opposed to Pies," in The Ladies' Home Journal. "The mothers of today must look more carefully to the building of their bodies and brains than their mothers and grandmothers did. Indeed at the pace at which we Americans are going we use our brains at full speed nearly all the time. What man can build brain and brawn on pies, layer cakes or preserves or any other mass of material which from its very complexity requires labor and time for digestion, drawing the blood from the brain to the stomach during his working hours? Observe those who eat their complex foods carelessly and hastily and you will see at a glance the conditions that necessitate a complete rest every now and then, or an early nervous breakdown.

"In my close observation in the last 20 years I find very few people in our common struggle for existence who can for any length of time eat carelessly of complex foods. At 40 or 50 a man may perhaps have accumulated wealth, but not health, and of what earthly use is the first without the second? Many persons in the generation gone before have eaten pies at least once a day, but they have not had meat three times a day, nor have they rushed at our pace. They gave more time to the digestion of the pie. People who recommend these rich foods rarely know anything of their complex conditions and still less of the complexity of digestion."

HAM SMELLING A BUSINESS.

Peculiar Occupation For Which Only Few Are Qualified.

The ham smeller's only tools are a long steel trier and his nose. He stands in a barrel to keep his clothes from being soiled by the dripping brine, and the hams are brought to him, and he plunges his sharp pointed trier into them, withdraws it and passes it swiftly beneath his nose. The trier always goes down to the knuckle joint.

In testing meat in that manner the man with the trier judges by the slightest shade of difference between the smell of one piece of meat and another. The smell of the meat is almost universally sweet, and that is what he smells. The slightest taint or deviation from the sweet smell is therefore appreciable. It is not the degree of taint that he expects to find, but the slightest odor that is not sweet.

When he detects an odor, he throws the meat aside, and if it is not unwholesome it is sold as "rejected" meat, but if it is tainted it goes to the rendering tank. The ham tester smells meat from 7 o'clock in the morning until 5 o'clock at night, and his sense must never become jaded or inexact or his usefulness would be at an end.

Ham testing is not a pursuit dangerous to the health, as tea testing is supposed to be, but the ham smeller with a cold in his head is like a piano player who loses his arm in a railroad wreck. —Kansas City Star.

A Test of Accuracy.

Drawing from memory is one of the most difficult things in the world to do. Even professional artists find that they must rely largely upon hasty jottings made upon the spot as suggestions for their pictures. Those who are not artists need to look keenly and closely at what they wish to recollect, for they must depend upon their memory to bring details back to them. It is an excellent corrective of superficial observation to sketch a scene as we think we saw it and afterward return to the scene and take another view. It is a training both in accuracy and humility, for we learn how easy it is to deceive ourselves as to what we have remarked.—Florence Hull Winterburn in Woman's Home Companion.

She Got a New Pair.

Sarcasticus and his wife were going to the theater.

"Will you please go in and get my goats off the dressing table?" said Mrs. S.

"Your goats?" queried the puzzled Sarcasticus. "What fangle have you women got now?"

"I'll show you!" snapped the wife, and she sailed away and soon returned putting on her gloves.

"Are those what you mean? Why, I call those kids."

"I used to," replied Mrs. Sarcasticus, "but they are getting so old I am ashamed to any longer."

He took the hint.—Pearson's Weekly.

Economy.

"What's this?" exclaimed the young husband, referring to the memorandum she had given him. "One dozen eggs, one pound of raisins, a bottle of lemon extract, a tin of ground cinnamon and half a pound of sugar—what do you want with all these things, Belinda?"

"I've got a stale loaf," replied the young wife, "that I'm going to save by working it up into a bread pudding. I never let anything go to waste, Henry."—London Fun.

Dress Well.

It is not enough that people shall be clad; they must be dressed. "Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy," was the advice of Polonius to his son; "rich, but not gaudy, for the apparel oft proclaims the man," and the advice is just as good today as it was 300 years ago.

In Luck.

"It's no fun being married. My wife is coming to me all the time and asking for money!"

"You're lucky! I have to ask my wife always for money when I want any!"—Heitere Welt.

WOMAN'S TROUBLES AND FEMALE DISEASES CURED BY

Johnston's Sarsaparilla

QUART BOTTLES.

Painful and Suppressed Menses, Irregularity, Leucorrhœa, Whites, Sterility, Ulceration of the Uterus, change of life, in matron or maid, all find relief, help, benefit and cure in JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA. It is a real panacea for all pain or headache about the top or back of the head, distressing pain in the left side, a disturbed condition of digestion, palpitation of the heart, cold hands and feet, nervousness and irritation, sleeplessness, muscular weakness, bearing-down pains, backache, legache, irregular action of the heart, shortness of breath, abnormal discharges, with extremely painful menstruation, scalding of urine, swelling of feet, soreness of the breasts, neuralgia, uterine displacement and catarrh, and all those symptoms and troubles which make the average woman's life so miserable.

MICHIGAN DRUG CO., Detroit, Mich.

Shoemaker & James, Rainsburg, Pa., John P. Cuppett, Mann's Choice, Pa., D. F. Harclerode, Imlertown, Pa.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it will wear them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 25c and 50c. Trial size free. At all druggists.

THE COLLAR BUTTON.

Its Blessings Realized Only by Those Who Have Lived Without It.

"In looking over a trunk full of old truck the other day," said the elderly man, "I came across a lot of old shirts with the buttons sewed on, and as I looked at them I realized anew what the collar button means to humanity. There have been greater inventions, surely, but not many that have conferred a more unmixed blessing on mankind.

"The younger person of today, accustomed to the collar button always, cannot realize what it was to be without it. He can never know what it was to have shirts with the buttons sewed on—or not, as the case might be. Not so very many years ago, when the collar button was yet comparatively new, before persons had come to keep, as everybody commonly does now, a lot of buttons on hand, the man who had lost his collar button thought himself entitled to the sympathy of his fellows, but wrong as he might be by that loss he could not even guess at the anguish that in the sewed on button days filled the heart of the man who, when he came to put on his last clean shirt, found that key button, the one on the collar band, most important one of all, gone entirely or only just hanging by a thread!

"I knew a man once who had this happen to him and didn't swear. That was the only great thing he ever did, but I have always thought that that alone was enough to stamp him as a most extraordinary man."—New York Sun.

Ditched the Bishop.

"I remember once driving across the country with Bishop ——," writes Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady of "A Missionary In the Great West" in the Ladies' Home Journal, "while discussing the nature of the soul. That is, the bishop was discussing. I was only prompting by a question now and then. We were on the rear seat of a wagon, with the driver on the front seat. It was a very dark night. In the middle of the bishop's exposition the wagon took a wild plunge, there was a crash, and over we went into the muddy ditch.

"'I beg your pardon, gents!' said the driver, who had retained control of the horses as we scrambled to our feet. 'I was so interested in hearin the man discussin my immortal soul, which I hardly ever knowed that I had one before, that I clean forgot where we was and drove you plump into the ditch.'"

Better to Have Waited.

The other morning Jones turned up at the office even later than usual. His employer, tired of waiting for him, had himself set about registering the day's transactions, usually Jones' first duty. The enraged merchant laid his pen aside very deliberately and said to Jones, very sternly indeed, "Jones, this will not do!"

"No, sir," replied Jones gently, drawing off his coat as he glanced over his employer's shoulder, "it will not. You have entered McKurken's order in the wrong book. Far better to have waited till I came!"—Pearson's Weekly.

Brave Explorers.

Like Stanley and Livingston, found it harder to overcome Malaria, Fever and Ague, and Typhoid disease germs than savage cannibals; but thousands have found that Electric Bitters is a wonderful cure for all malarial diseases. If you have chills with fever, aches in the back of neck and head, and tired, worn-out feeling, a trial will convince you of their merit. W A. Null, of Webb, Ill., writes: "My children suffered for more than a year with chills and fever; then two bottles of Electric Bitters cured them." Only 50 cents. Try them. Guaranteed. Sold by J. R. Irvine & Co., druggists.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

BEDFORD DIVISION and HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

In effect November 26, 1900.

NORTH.		STATIONS.	SOUTH.	
p. m.	a. m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m.
2.50	8.10	CUMBERLAND	12.05	9.40
3.06	8.24	STATE LINE JC.	11.49	9.25
3.20	8.38	HYNDMAN	11.35	9.10
f3.30	f8.47	Fossilville	f11.27	f9 04
f3.40	8.56	Bard	f11.15	f8.55
3.44	9.00	Buffalo Mills	11.12	f8.51
f3.50	f2.06	Sulphur Springs	f11.06	f
3.54	9.10	Mann's Choice	11.01	8.41
f4.00	f9.15	Napier	f10.53	f8.35
f4.04	f9.19	Wolfsburg	f10.49	f8.31
4.10	9.25	BEDFORD	10.48	8.25
f4.13	f9.29	Cliffs	f10.39	f8.21
f4.19	f9.35	Hartley	f10.35	f8.17
f4.21	f9.37	Lutzville	f10.33	f8.15
f4.25	f9.41	Ashcom	f10.29	f8.11
4.30	9.45	MT. DALLAS	10.20	8.05
4.33	9.48	Everett	10.17	8.02
f4.40	f9.56	Tatesville	10.07	f7.54
f4.49	f10.06	Cypher	9.54	f7.45
4.57	10.13	Hopewell	9.45	7.37
5.01	10.17	Riddlesburg	9.40	7.33
5.13	10.29	Ar...SAXTON...Lv.	9.28	7.21
4.20	....	Lv..Dudley....Ar.	10.05	....
4.35	....	Coalmont	9.50	....
4.50	....	Ar...SAXTON....Lv.	9.35	....
5.13	10.29	Lv...SAXTON....Ar.	9.28	7.21
5.34	10.50	Entriken	9.07	7.00
5.41	10.57	Marklesburg	9.00	6.53
5.50	11.06	Grafton	8.50	6.44
5.55	11.10	McConnellstown	8.45	6 40
6.05	11.20	HUNTINGDON	8.35	6 30
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
6.22	11.32	Lv. Huntingdon. Ar.	7.17	3.17
7.35	1.09	Ar....Altoona	5.25	2.05
11.30	5.50	Pittsburg	3.00	....
7 10	12.03	Lv. Huntingdon Ar.	8.03	6.22
10.00	2.40	Ar...Harrisburg Lv.	3.00	2.45
	p. m.		p. m.	
4.25	5.47	Philadelphia	11.20	12.25
				a. m
7.13	8.08	New York (Desbrosses and Cortland Streets)	8.00	9.30
7.15	8.15	New York (West Twenty-third Street Station)	7.55	9.25

SUNDAY TRAINS.

	a. m.		p. m.	
......	8 00	Huntingdon	6 15	......
......	8 10	McConnellstown	6 05	......
......	8 15	Grafton	6 00	......
......	8 25	Marklesburg	5 50	......
......	8 33	Entriken	5 44	......
......	8 38	Beaver	5 38	......
......	8 42	Cove	5 31	......
......	8 55	Saxton	5 20	......
......	9 08	Riddlesburg	5 10	......
......	9 12	Hopewell	5 05	......
......	9 20	Cypher	4 55	......
......	9 30	Tatesville	4 46	......
......	9 37	Everett	4 38	......
......	9 40	Mt. Dallas	4 35	......
......	9 42	Ashcom	4 32	......
......	9 45	Lutzville	4 30	......
......	9 48	Hartley	4 28	......
......	9 52	Cliffs	4 24	......
......	9 55	Bedford	4 20	......

Trains leave Huntingdon for Tyrone, Altoona and Pittsburg, 6.03, 11.32 A. M., 2.01, 2.20, 6.22 and 8.20 P. M. daily; f 12.58 night (except Monday.)

For Harrisburg and the East, 5.57 A. M. week days, and 7.17, 8.05 A. M., 12.03, 12.35, 3.17, 7.10, 10.12 P. M., f 1.10 night daily.

For rates, maps, time tables and all other information, consult ticket agents or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western District, Cor. Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

"f" Stops only on notice to agent or on signal.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, *General Manager.* J. R. WOOD, *General Passenger Agent.*

West Virginia Central and Pittsburg Ry.

In Effect May 20, 1900.

Southward. Northward

No.3	No. 1		No. 2	No. 4
P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS.	Noon	P. M.
x3 15	x7 00	Lv..Cumberland..Ar.	x12 00	x7 00
3 43	7 29	Rawlings	11 31	6 31
4 06	7 52	Keyser	11 08	6 09
4 16	8 06	Westernport	10 58	5 57
4 20	8 09	W. Va. C. Jct.	10 51	5 50
4 45	8 35	Shaw	10 28	5 52
5 08	9 00	Harrison	x10 06	x5 00
o5 10	o9 50	Ar..Elk Garden..Lv.	o8 10	o
x5 41	x9 35	Lv....Gorman	x9 35	x4 30
5 47	9 48	Bayard	9 29	4 25
5 59	9 54	Dobbin	9 19	4 15
6 06	9 58	Henry	9 15	4 11
6 27	10 27	Thomas	8 48	3 47
6 15	10 55	Ar.....Davis.....Lv.	7 55	
6 31	10 34	Lv....Coketon	8 41	3 40
6 59	11 01	Hendricks	8 10	3 10
7 02	11 04	Hambleton	8 07	3 07
7 05	11 07	Bretz	8 03	3 03
7 08	11 10	Parsons	8 00	3 00
43	11 45	Kerens	7 25	2 26
8 00	12 00	Ar.....Elkins.....Lv.	7 10	2 15
P. M.	Noon		A. M.	P. M.
	o12 40 P. M.	Ar.....Beverly....Lv.		o1 05 P. M.
	o3 05 P. M.	Ar...Belington..Lv.		o11 20 A. M.

x Daily. o Daily except Sunday.

C. L. BRETZ, Gen. Manager. W. H. BOWER, Asst. Gen Manager.

THE HERRICK SHOE FOR WOMEN

$2.50 $3.00 $3.50

Stylish—comfortable—the most economical shoe a woman can buy. The only advertised American shoe shown at the Paris Exposition. For house, dress, or walking. Three grades and each one is guaranteed by the makers—three prices and each price represents "honest value for your money."



He (the dealer) knows that the makers of the Herrick Shoe have had thirty-eight years of experience in the manufacture of women's shoes—that they have united in the Herrick Shoe all the strong points and have discarded all the weak ones of the ordinary shoe for women. Your dealer is a good judge—*you can trust him.*

The dealer who sells the Herrick Shoe in your city deserves your confidence and trade.

Oxfords 50c a pair less than prices quoted.

Sold by the METROPOLITAN CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE, Bedford, Pa.

"BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT."

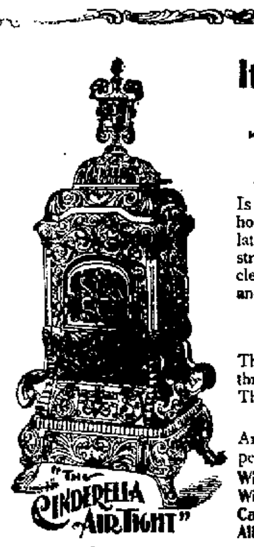
GOOD WIFE! YOU NEED

SAPOLIO

It is a Great Comfort

To a tidy housekeeper to have a good stove.

The Cinderella Air Tight



Is one of the most perfect heating stoves, for household use, ever placed upon the market. All the latest and best ideas are incorporated into its construction. Every feature to promote durability, cleanliness and economy has been well planned and developed.

Produces the Greatest Heat From the Least Fuel.

The cold air is drawn from the floor, and discharged through the sides and top, thoroughly heated. This method of circulation

PREVENTS COLD FLOORS

And establishes that much desired uniform temperature in all parts of the room.

Will Burn any kind of Coal!
Will Keep Fire Twenty-four Hours!
Can be Used as a Single or Double Heater!
All the Good Points—None of the Errors!

EXAMINE THE CINDERELLA BEFORE YOU BUY.

Blymyer Hardware Co., Bedford Pa.

$500 REWARD

We pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with

Liverita, The Up-to-Date Little Liver Pill

They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. Nervita Medical Co., Corner Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Illinois. Sold by

Sold by F. W. Jordan, Druggist, Bedford, Pa.

A business firm is known by the stationery it uses.

If you get your packet heads, letter heads, bill heads, envelopes, business cards, etc., at The Gazette job rooms you will be characterized as an up-to-date, progressive, wide-awake merchant.

Daintiest designs in wedding invitations, programmes, pamphlets, visiting cards, etc.

Beautiful color printing.

Circulars, labels, bills, posters, etc.

Full line of blanks for justices of the peace, notaries public and attorneys.

Gazette deeds and notes are the best in the market. Everybody uses them.

LITHOGRAPHIC ... EFFECTS.

By the "Lithograving" process we are enabled to obtain effects that so closely resemble Lithographing that to the average eye there is hardly any perceptible difference between them. This style of work is deservedly popular, and The Gazette has designs suitable for all classes of stationery—letter heads, bill heads, cards, etc., etc.

OUR ... SALE BILLS

Are in a class by themselves. They're Attractive, Artistic.

The Gazette job rooms are equipped with the latest and most popular designs in borders, type, etc.

All kinds of work promptly and skilfully done at lowest prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Address all communications to **Gazette Publishing Company, Bedford, Pa.**

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

BROADBRIM'S BUDGET

Number One Thousand Two Hundred and Twenty-Seven.

CRUSADE AGAINST CRIME.

Richard Croker Will Aid Bishop Potter In His Efforts To Stamp Out Vice—The Failure of W. L. Strong & Co.

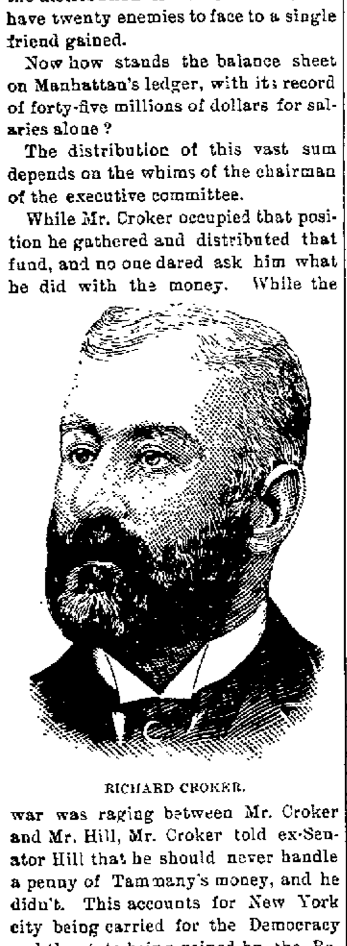
Special correspondence of THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, November 27.—If there is anybody who, after reading my letter of last week, supposed that there was only one political party left in the state of New York, he never was more egregiously mistaken in his life, for as far as final results were concerned, and that means hard cash, the Democracy has the best of the fight, two to one. The Republicans carried the state by a handsome majority, getting the governorship and a working majority in the legislature, which is a very comfortable thing for them; but the fat and juicy plums in the gift of the governor are few and the claimants many, and his excellency will find after the distribution is made that he will have twenty enemies to face to a single friend gained.

Now how stands the balance sheet on Manhattan's ledger, with its record of forty-five millions of dollars for salaries alone?

The distribution of this vast sum depends on the whims of the chairman of the executive committee.

While Mr. Croker occupied that position he gathered and distributed that fund, and no one dared ask him what he did with the money. While the



RICHARD CROKER.

war was raging between Mr. Croker and Mr. Hill, Mr. Croker told ex-Senator Hill that he should never handle a penny of Tammany's money, and he didn't. This accounts for New York city being carried for the Democracy and the state being gained by the Republicans.

If the signs of the times mean anything, we are about to have such a shaking up of the dry bones as hath not been seen or heard in New York in the memory of the oldest inhabitant.

The whole matter is here in a nutshell: We have in the Greater New York about 8,000 policemen, who are supposed to be the guardians of the city's peace, the care-takers of our property in our absence. They exercise a greater power over the citizen's life and property than any other body of men employed in the city's service. They are better fed, better clad and better paid than the men engaged in similar service in any city in the world. To show the other advantages of being attached to this great body of men: If on the attainment of his majority a man was fortunate enough to get a position on the force, after twenty-five years of service he could resign his position and at the age of 46, in the full enjoyment of health, without ever having received the scratch of a pin, he could claim a pension of one-half of his pay at the time of his resignation and live like a gentleman in clover for the rest of his natural life. The cost of the police department to the city of New York is annually about seven millions of dollars. The question now is, has he any other profitable sources of revenue? Does he receive hundreds of thousands and millions annually for protecting New York from the outlaws and criminals with which the city swarms, and does he also receive pay from the very criminals which it is his sworn duty to suppress?

The allegation is that he is in league with the gambling hells, bagnios and disreputable saloons all over the city. Is it true that appointments and preferments are matters of bargain and sale? The commissioner preys upon the policeman and the policeman blackmails the criminals to reimburse him for the money which his place has cost him.

Responsible journals offer to furnish undeniable proof of the truth of their charges and reputable citizens and clergymen of the greatest distinction have offered their assistance in bringing these criminals to the bar of justice, but their aid has been rejected and they have been grossly insulted; and these well paid servants of the public are said to be the champions of theft and prostitution.

In the foreign hive, of which I have had frequent occasion to speak, crime festers and rots in the gloomy shadows of night and under the burning rays of the noonday sun. It is in this district that the lowest dregs of our foreign population can be found living from eight to ten in a single room—brutalized men, young girls and children huddled together, sleeping on the bare floor.

Decency and morality are words unknown to their vocabulary. It is in this that the supreme danger of the hour lies.

Henry C. Potter is the Protestant Episcopal Bishop of New York. He is not only an active and devout Christian priest, but a man of great executive ability, a thorough man of the world who is not afraid to touch elbows with the vilest sinner that the most earnest Christian Endeavorer has rescued from the slums or snatched from the gates of hell. To show the character of the man, in looking over the large city just created by law, which made it the second municipality in the world, the heterogeneous materials of which it was composed were a source of constant apprehension and anxiety. There were vast areas within the Greater New York which for more than a century had been regarded as the devil's camping ground. Christian Endeavor had failed to make upon it the slightest impression. The modern home mission was a failure. It was abandoned as a territory upon which the devil had the first mortgage. The main difficulty which confronted Bishop Potter was how to reach these outlaws who acknowledged no law of either God or man. To make his prospective work effective a new race of self-sacrificing missionaries must be created who loved God and didn't fear the devil.

The work to be done needed that the missionary should cast his lot with the sinners, and as far as possible be one of them. He must listen to their profanity, which shocked his very



BISHOP HENRY C. POTTER.

soul; he must listen to the account of their robberies and murders and show no outward sign or tremor, and when he had finally succeeded in gaining their confidence he had succeeded in raising them up to the standard of his own Christian level. The land was in sight and the hope confirmed that he who was believed to be dead was alive again; he was lost and is found. But all this work was not effected peaceably; the cohorts of sin, whose fortresses were attacked and whose living depended on robbery and murder, were not going to yield in that struggle, and it was not long till the noble missionary found that to reach the portals of Paradise he must pass through the gates of hell. Every mode of torture that infamy could invent was heaped upon him, till, in the bitterness of his soul, he cried in the language of his Savior, "My God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me!" With eyes blinded by his scalding tears he sought his bishop and told his pitiful story, and the strong man was bowed with grief. After prayerful consultation with a guide who had never failed him he entered the lists of the champions of virtue and the destruction of vice.

Then the whole scene changed. The insolent police officials who had insulted his missionaries and had driven them from their presence became at once the meanest and most subservient tools of power. The head center of authority, Mr. Croker, was soon found, and to the bishop's great astonishment, promised the most earnest and active support. The highest politicians were summoned to headquarters and given to understand that Tammany Hall would no longer be responsible for their misconduct. There was no mincing of words when Mr. Croker spoke; he called a spade a spade; he gave them to understand that every police officer in the city of New York would be held to the strictest accountability for the existence of houses of prostitution, gambling hells, Chinese opium dens or any other form of vice by law forbidden. The next day Police Commissioner Bernard J. York summoned all the heads of the police department to his headquarters, where he read them a lesson which they will not soon forget. It was well understood that the infamous resorts at Coney Island could not exist one hour except by the tolerance of the police.

A number of these places are thieves' dens and the wretched young creatures who are lured from their homes are used as stool-pigeons for the unfortunates who are nightly robbed. A case occurred last week where a young girl under fifteen years of age was missing from her home. She was an only child of parents in comfortable position and had made the acquaintance of a young man who promised to take her to Coney Island and introduce her to all the shows. She was kept there till night came on, when she was taken to one of the most infamous dens in the West End and sold to the proprietor for five dollars. When she realized the position in which she had placed herself she was almost wild, but her abductor told her if she resisted she would be given over to the police and sent to prison. A dose of knock-out drops settled the business and thereafter there was nothing for her but a life of shame. That evening, with the aid of the officer of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, she was recovered and taken to her home. God only knows how many waifs and strays are never recovered and find no resting place till they reach Potter's Field.

The battle is now on, and Bishop Potter pledges his word that all the assistance he can afford will be rendered by him in the present crusade. There will be no step back this time and the public may rest assured, if his word can be trusted, that Richard Croker in the hour of need will be found in the van of the battle.

It was a severe shock to the commercial world when the old and honored dry goods commission house of W. L. Strong & Co. made an assignment and closed its doors. W. L. Strong had been in business here over thirty years. Wherever his name was known throughout our land it was regarded as a symbol of commercial honor. He was the last mayor of the old city of New York and while in office shared the respect of Republicans and Democrats alike. The commercial standing of the house had a high rating among the commercial agencies and yet at his death, a few weeks ago, very few assets could be found, while the liabilities have already reached the enormous sum of $1,900,000, leaving his family, as matters appear now, in a state of absolute destitution. It is a grievous thing that such an unfortunate possibility could ever have occurred in the city of New York. Both the creditors and partners are dazed. No one can explain what has become of the money. The books of the firm give no sign and that a sum so great could have been taken from the business without detection makes it an enigma which will never be explained. The feeling throughout the community is more of sorrow than anger and the feeling prevails among Mr. Strong's friends that future discovery may afford a satisfactory explanation.

BROADBRIM.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. **At your grocers. 10 cts.**

feb5('00)y1.

TREACHERY



A persistent cough is at first a friend, for it gives warning of the approach of a deadly enemy. Heed the warning before it is too late, before your lungs become inflamed, before the doctor says, "Consumption." When the danger signal first appears, help nature with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Don't delay until your lungs are sore and your cold settled down deep in your chest. Kill the enemy before the deadly blow kills you. Cure your cough today.

One dose brings relief. A few doses make the cure complete.

Three sizes: 25c. for an ordinary cold; 50c. for the harder colds; $1.00 the most economical for older cases.

"I consider your Cherry Pectoral the best remedy for colds and coughs and all throat affections. I have used it for 30 years and it certainly beats them all."
D. R. LUMNEY,
Dec. 20, 1898. Union, N. Y.

Write the Doctor.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address
DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

MADE HER FORTUNE.

Boarding House Steaks That Grew Tender Under a Four Ton Hammer.

"Speaking of luck," said a reminiscent man, "reminds me of how fortune came to a boarding house keeper in a mill town where I once lived. There came to the house when he first struck the town a new millhand. This boarder seemed at first just like any other young man with a good appetite, out of whom the profit to be made was likely to be small, but it was speedily discovered that he was a man of ability and promise, who was likely to get on at the mill. He made great progress at the works. It wasn't long before he was at the head of the section of the forge department there, the boss, in fact, of the four ton hammers.

"As far as he was concerned the only thing that marred his happiness was the toughness of the steaks they had at the boarding house, and that they were tough nobody could deny. But he was equal to the occasion there as he had proved himself to be at the mill.

"'Madam,' he said one day to the landlady, 'if you will let me take the steaks you buy before you cook them I will make them just as tender as can be without any cost to you whatsoever.'

"Now, he had paid his board regularly, and he was at that moment virtually the star boarder. The landlady handed him the next morning without hesitation the bundle of steaks just as it came from the butcher, and the hammer boss just took 'em over to the mill, this being before the regular starting time in the morning, and, adjusting one of the four ton hammers to about the right gauge, started it up and ran the steaks a couple of times under the hammer.

"Good? Why, they were just simply beautiful, and every morning after that the genial hammer boss used to run across to the mill before breakfast and quietly, without the knowledge of any one, run the landlady's steaks back and forth once under the four ton hammer. The fame of the landlady's tender steaks grew rapidly, as did also, naturally, the number of her boarders. And so she accumulated wealth."—New York Sun.

HOW TURKS EAT.

They Use No Tables, Chairs, Knives, Forks or Plates.

The Turks use no tables in their homes, and chairs are unknown, says London Answers. Instead there is a huge wooden frame built in the middle of the room, about 18 inches high, and when the family assembles to dine cushions are brought, placed upon the frame, and on these the members seat themselves, tailor fashion, forming a circle around a large tray which occupies the center.

The tray is a very large wooden, plated or silver affair, according to the social and financial condition of the family, and thereon is deposited a capacious bowl. About it are ranged saucers of sliced cheese, anchovies, caviare and sweetmeats of all sorts. Interspersed with these are goblets of sherbet, pieces of hot unleavened bread and a number of boxwood spoons, with which to drink the soup.

Knives, forks and plates do not figure in the service, but each one has a napkin spread upon his knees, and every one, armed with a spoon, helps himself.

When this is consumed, the bowl is borne away, and another great dish takes its place. This time it is a conglomeration of substantials, all stewed up together, such as mutton, game or poultry. The mess has been divided by the cook into small portions, which are dipped up with the aid of a spoon or with the fingers.

For the host to fish out of the mess a wing or leg of a fowl and present it to a guest is considered a great compliment, and for a Turk of high degree to roll a morsel between his fingers and then put it into the mouth of a visitor is looked upon as the height of favor and good manners.

A Dye Wanted.

Our consul in Birmingham says that several years ago one of the Barbers, of threadmaking fame, told him that the discoverer of a fast black dye for linen thread could command his own price. Examine the thread holding the buttons in men's clothing, and you will see that after a short time the black disappears, and even new linen thread has not sufficient depth of color. It is impossible to find in the English shops men's black cotton socks with tops at all elastic. The fast black dye for cotton was the discovery of an English chemist. English hose manufacturers would not at first buy his secret, but the Germans did and built up a trade all over the world.—New York Times.

Editor Sees Wonders.

Editor W. V. Barry, of Lexington, Tenn., in exploring Mammoth Cave, contracted a severe case of Piles. His quick cure through using Bucklen's Arnica Salve convinced him it is another world's wonder. Cures Piles, Injuries, Inflammation, and all Bodily Eruptions. Only 25c at J. R. Irvine & Co's.

THE GRAND SCHEMER

A Crisis Comes and Major Crofoot Meets It Joyfully.

HIS FROWNING LANDLADY

Presents Her Badly Belated Bill, and She Is Promptly Taken Into the Universal Musical Company.

[Copyright, 1900, by C. B. Lewis.]

Major Crofoot, grand promoter and general organizer, had observed signs of a coming calamity around his boarding house. He hadn't sat down with pencil and paper and figured that it was three months since he had paid his landlady a dollar, but in a dim, undefined way he put it at about three. He hadn't taken half an hour to wonder how much longer things could run on tick, but hoped it might be for three months more. He was living on in a blissful state of certain uncertainty, finding fault with the steak and suggesting a change of puddings, when the demeanor of the landlady warned him that a crisis was at hand. He was the man for the crisis. It was at the dinner table that the notes of the



"WHY SPEAK OF DOLLARS?"

warning bell struck his ear, and when he had finished his meal he rose up before the other boarders with the dignity of a millionaire and observed:

"Madam the landlady, if not too much trouble I wish you would come to my room this evening for your check. I like to balance my books once a month."

The shot told. The landlady's frown changed to a smile as soft as jelly, and the three or four boarders who had been hinting that the major was a deadbeat and would bilk the house felt a large feeling of awe steal over them. Half an hour later the woman knocked at the major's door and found him seated with his checkbook in front of him.

"My dear woman," he began, as he motioned for her to sit down, "your trust and confidence in me are something sublime—really sublime. I am not a man given to emotion, but in this case—in this case"—

"You owe me three months' room rent and board," she said as he paused to find other words.

"That is the case exactly, as I found to my surprise in footing my ledger this afternoon. Yes. For three long months I have occupied this room and sat at your table, and you have not even hinted at filthy lucre in payment. I don't exactly remember what Cleopatra did to win undying fame, but if she reposed the sublime confidence in a man that you have reposed in me I don't wonder that her name is engraven on the scrolls of time forever more."

"I have been trying to catch you for the last month, but you have dodged me," replied the landlady with exceeding candor.

"In other words, madam, I have been too wrapped up in gigantic speculations to remember that I owed you a few dollars. However, the fact remains that you did not worry over my indebtedness."

"But I have worried. I have been afraid you'd get your trunk out and skip."

"The fact remains, madam," repeated the major as he nibbled at the penholder and looked into vacancy—"the fact remains that you have not worried. You knew and felt that the debt was safe. You might have worried about others, but about Major Crofoot—never. Ah, it makes me feel better toward the whole world to have a person trust me thus! Such trust! Such confidence! Such childish faith in the midst of universal wickedness!"

"And now you will pay me for 13 weeks at $8 per week?" she queried as she laid the bill before him.

"My dear woman," he replied as he rose up to walk about, "why specify the flight of time? Why speak of dollars? Thirteen weeks at $8 per week makes a total of $104, of course, but should we thus brutalize sentiment? Let me say that you have trusted me. Let me say that you have put me down as a man of honor. Then let me repay you for your confidence rather than for your room and board. We will say that I hand you a check for $200."

"You don't mean it, major," she exclaimed, with a catch of her breath.

"I sit down thus. I fill in a check for $200, so. I tear it off and hand it to you, and with it goes a deeper feeling than I can explain. If there are tears in my eyes, you will please excuse them."

"I knew you would pay. I told them you were no deadbeat," said the overcome landlady as she held the check in trembling fingers.

"And your confidence was not misplaced. Let me call your attention to the fact that this check is made out to the order of J. Jordan. He is the treasurer of the corporation, you know."

"But what corporation?"

"The Universal Musical company, my friend. The organization was perfected last week, all the necessary capital paid in, and we shall begin work next Monday. Having an instinctive feeling that you trusted me and wishing to prove my gratitude in something beyond words, I have reserved $10,000 worth of stock for you at ground floor figures. A dividend of 50 per cent on this stock, which is a low estimate, brings you in $5,000 per year. All you need do is to sit with folded hands."

"But I don't want stock in any of your companies," she protested. "I've got to have money to run my house."

"The object of the company," he explained, "is to provide music for the world at the cheapest possible price, and in supplying music we supply sentiment, raise the social standard and make the whole world happier and better. We also make a saving in provisions and fuel. A man with a fiddle will sit for hours and never know whether a room is hot or cold. A woman who is giving Mozart a twist on the piano wants neither dinner nor supper. Give a boy a mouth organ, and he will not ask for bread and butter as long as he has wind enough left to blow. It is the scheme of my life, and millions of profit will soon be rolling in."

"But about this check?" she insisted.

"A great scheme and in many ways a noble enterprise. Let us take a city block, for instance. We will say there are 200 families on the block. The Universal supplies those families with pianos or organs, zithers, fiddles, harps, hand organs, mouth organs, brass bands, bugles, fifes and drums. From 7 o'clock in the morning to 10 o'clock at night there is music. No one has time to quarrel or get drunk. No one stops to eat or wonder whether it's cold or hot. Music evokes sentiment, love, pity, charity. Human nature is elevated and purified, and the rent for the various instruments comes rolling in as fast as two men can count the dollars. My dear woman, you see"—

"But this check."

"You will take it to J. Jordan and deposit it as security for your stock, and you will order two pianos, three fiddles, four harps, two drums and a set of bagpipes for this house. The effect on your boarders will be"—

"But I thought you were going to square up," exclaimed the landlady. "What do I know about your company or stocks? Whenever I present my bill, you always dodge and twist."

"In case you do not wish to use the check to secure stock you can ask Mr. Jordan to indorse it over to me. I will then indorse it to the vice president, he will indorse it to the secretary, and the secretary will indorse it to you. You will then have to be identified at the bank. It will take some few days or weeks to obtain the money, but it is a mere question of time. Meanwhile things go over. Ask yourself if it is not your duty to help us elevate the moral tone of society? Ask yourself if it is not better to have $5,000 a year dividends than to be slaving your life away in a boarding house. Ask yourself"—

"Can't you give me $10 on account?" asked the landlady in desperation as she put the check on the table.

"What! Discount my own paper after your sublime confidence in me?" he exclaimed. "Never, my dear woman, never! You must be paid in full. Indeed, you have been paid in full anyhow, and now it only remains for you to leave me to balance up my cashbook and write 15 or 20 business letters of a pressing nature. You trusted me, and you have your reward. Don't fail to be identified at the bank. If there should be any trouble, just call on me. And now good night and pleasant dreams to you."

"Major, I want this room tomorrow," called the landlady when she found herself outside the door.

No answer.

"And you'll have to go!"

But she talked to the silence of the grave.

M. QUAD.

She Knew.

Marjorie is the small and only daughter in a family which boasts of several sons. Aged 4 is Marjorie, petite and imperious and enjoying excellent opportunities for becoming spoiled. She has lately attained to the dignity of the kindergarten and comes home daily with some fresh acquisition of wisdom. A few days ago it was addition, and she proclaimed proudly at the dinner table:

"I know how much two and two make and free and two and four and two."

"And what," said her father, "do you and I make, Marjie?"

Without a moment's hesitation over these new factors in her problem, the little maid answered, with a dimple and a smile:

"Sweethearts."

And all the family were satisfied with Marjie's arithmetic.—London Answers.

She Did "Beat" It.

A Milford (Mass.) man engaged as a helper a girl just from England. The letter H was a capital letter in her vocabulary. A very rich pudding was served for dinner, but as two members of the family were delayed the mistress put on a plate two large portions, rang for the girl and said "Heat it" for the absent members. Later, when the girl was found struggling and stuffing with the pudding, she besought my friend to let her off, as she couldn't "beat" another bite.

Johnny's Compliment.

Johnny, a Sunday school boy, having arrived at his eighth birthday, thought it would be real nice to write a letter to his papa, and this is how he began it:

Dear Papa—Whenever I am tempted to do wrong I think of you and say, "Get thee behind me, satan!"

—Exchange.

Rheumatism.

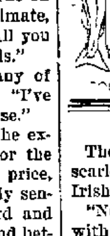
Nobody knows all about it; and nothing, now known, will always cure it.

Doctors try Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, when they think it is caused by imperfect digestion of food. You can do the same.

It may or may not be caused by the failure of stomach and bowels to do their work. If it is, you will cure it; if not, you will do no harm.

The way, to cure a disease is to stop its cause, and help the body get back to its habit of health.

When Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil does that, it cures; when it don't, it don't cure. It never does harm.



The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE,
Chemists,
409 Pearl St., N. Y.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

Not His.

The drill instructor's face turned scarlet with rage as he rated a raw Irish recruit for his awkwardness.

"Now, Rafferty, you'll spoil the line with those feet. Draw them back instantly, man, and get them in line!"

Rafferty's dignity was hurt.

"Plaze, sargint," he drawled solemnly, "they're not mine; they're Micky Doolan's, in the rear rank!"

A Green Hand.

He was a new freight handler.

"Load these barrels in that car," ordered the freight agent.

"Oi can't load barrels in that car, sor," responded the new man.

"Why not?"

"It's a box car, sor."—Chicago News.

DAVID CITY, NEB, April 1, 1900.
Genessee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I must say in regard to GRAIN-O that there is nothing better or healthier. We have used it for years. My brother was a great coffee drinker. He was taken sick and the doctor said coffee was the cause of it, and told us to use GRAIN-O. We got a package but did not like it at first, but now would not be without it. My brother has been well ever since we started to use it. Yours truly,
LILLIE SOCHOR.



When a woman doesn't take any interest in her housework—

When the least exertion tires her—

When her back aches constantly—her head troubles her—limbs pain, and she feels generally miserable, it's a pretty sure indication that her kidneys are not doing their duty.

That backache is simply kidney ache—

The poison the kidneys should take out of the blood is left in, and is breeding all sorts of dire diseases—

But you can stop it—

Doan's Kidney Pills

Act directly on the kidneys—strengthen them, help them to do their duty.

Read what one grateful woman has to say about it.

Mrs. Ambrose O'Donnell, wife of the engineer at the Columbia mills, Columbia, Pa., says:

"My back ached nearly all the time and when not aching I had that tired out feeling just about where the kidneys are located. When I caught a slight cold, across my loins was the first to be affected by it. Lifting anything or bending while doing my work about home caused sharp pains to dart through me. In the morning I was so sore and stiff that I could hardly walk, but gradually it wore away leaving only the dull aching pain in my loins. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me. I know of between ten and fifteen people who have been using them on the strength of my recommendations. I do not hesitate to tell anyone that I certainly think they are a grand medicine."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Sent by mail on receipt of price. For sale by all dealers.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

THE TASK.

Said Duty: "Take thy pen and write
Life throbbing lines, words weighed with import high!
Enough of sonneting on Sylvia's eye!
Enough of singing of her rose and white!"
I sit me down, when, lo, upon my sight
(My inner sight, since there is no one night)
A vision flashes; thoughts of Duty fly
Like southering birds adown an autumn night.

O mentor stern, no task that thou canst set,
I care not whatsoe'er thou bidst it be,
Will far remove me from some dream of her!
Look, I am wearing Love for amulet!
And hence thou mayst as soon part land and sea
As thoughts of Love from Love's true worshiper!
—Clinton Scollard in Cosmopolitan.

THE SECRET SERVICE.

Tiresome Work of Reading a Cipher Dispatch of 2,000 Words.

Some governments make use of numerals for their ciphered communications with their agents abroad, others a mixture of numerals and words, and yet others exclusively words. Of course, the only problem that needs solution in dispatches of this kind is to ascertain the key number or key word. When that is accomplished, the remainder is easy, though generally very tedious. Indeed it is difficult to conceive of a more tiresome, head splitting piece of work than either to cipher or decipher a dispatch of some 1,500 or 2,000 words. The writer talks from sad and weary experience.

Some governments change the key word or key numerals with each dispatch, according to a settled arrangement. Others, again, change it every month. Sometimes it is placed at the beginning of the dispatch, at other times at the end. To the uninitiated a dispatch of this kind will appear in the nature of a Chinese puzzle, but to an expert cryptographer the deciphering of a government code dispatch is mere child's play.

Occasionally the dispatch will appear a mere jumble of consonants without any meaning, while at other times it will be so ciphered as to contain sensible and plausible sentences, the meaning of which appears on the surface. It was a code of this kind that was used by the Spanish secret agents in this country during the war with Spain, and the clever staff of secret service men employed by the United States government were in a very short time possessed of a key to the cipher in question.—New York Tribune.

A KAFFIR "SMOKER."

The Native Women Are Enthusiastic Devotees of the Weed.

In South Africa the native woman smokes incessantly. Your native servant smokes as she cooks and as she washes. The tobacco she likes is rank. The dainty cigarette an English or Russian lady of fashion enjoys, smoked through a quill, so that no nicotine can stain either teeth or fingers, would be sneered at by a Kaffir. "Give me a pipe and something in it I can taste," is in effect what she says.

The men Kaffirs are beyond tobacco. They smoke something so vehement that it makes them cough and splutter, lose their breath, choke and sneeze to an alarming degree. They like snuff, too, and are fond of offering and taking pinches of it ("schniff" they call it) when they meet and visit one another.

Regarding tobacco as too mild for their taste, the Kaffirs take another weed and smoke that. They proceed to arrange a smoking party, by squatting on the ground and getting ready their "pipe," a cow horn with a thin tube in it inserted half way down at right angles to the horn. The end of the tube is in a basin, and it is from it that the smoker sucks, the strong stuff that makes him incapable of anything but a series of coughs and chokes for some time after he has had his turn at the pipe, which is passed around from man to man, until a perfect chorus of coughs rends the air.

The tobacco the Boers smoke looks like poor tea and is peculiar in flavor, yet Englishmen who have become used to it acquire such a taste for it that they never ask for any other kind.—London Mail.

Relics of Former Ages.

The big tree of California is unique in the world. It is the largest, oldest and most majestically graceful of all trees. Scarcest of known tree species, it is the best living representative of a former geologic age. It has come down through the ages simply by reason of its superb powers of defense against hostile conditions. The bark is sometimes as much as two feet thick and is almost noncombustible. The oldest specimens felled are still sound at the heart. Yet, with all its advantages, the big trees do not seem to have increased their range since the glacial epoch.—Washington Post.

Six Frightful Failures.

Six terrible failures of six different doctors nearly sent Wm. H. Mullen, of Lockland, O., to an early grave. All said he had a fatal lung trouble and that he must soon die. But he was urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. After taking five bottles he was entirely cured. It is positively guaranteed to cure all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs, including Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, Croup, Whooping Cough. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at J. R. Irvine & Co's. drug store.

DISSUADED FROM SUICIDE.

The Convincing Argument a Parson Used With Telling Effect.

"An Arkansas country store keeper of my acquaintance had a bad attack of melancholy about a year ago," said a New Orleans drummer, "and attempted to commit suicide. He put a pistol to his head and pulled the trigger, but the cartridge failed to explode, and before he could try it again the weapon was taken away. However, he swore he would do the deed the first chance he got, and he was no doubt really of that intention when he was talked out of it by a little itinerant preacher who was a reformed gambler. The argument used by the parson was so peculiar and ingenious that it made a deep impression on my mind. 'You know you would be a dead man,' he said as nearly as I can remember, 'if it wasn't for the fact that there was a defective cartridge under the hammer of your revolver. Now, a defective cartridge is a very unusual thing,' he went on. 'They calculate at the manufactory that there is possibly one to the quarter million turned out. The chance of that bad cartridge being in the boxful that you bought for your gun was not over one to another quarter million, the chance of your getting hold of it when you loaded was exactly 1 to 50, and the chance of it being under the hammer was 1 to 5. That makes the total odds 1 to 500,055.'

"At that point the little preacher suddenly straightened up, his eyes flashed fire, his chest expanded, and he shook his forefinger under the storekeeper's nose. 'You miserable sinner,' he roared, 'do you imagine for a minute that the Lord would have given you that kind of odds and let you win out on the play if he hadn't got some good and special use for your life? Don't let me ever hear of you trying to block him again!'

"The would be suicide thought the thing over and concluded that the parson was right. His melancholy promptly disappeared, and the last time I saw him he was bubbling over with cheerfulness. He believes firmly he is a man of destiny."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

ALL HONOR TO PARSLEY.

Curious Folklore and History Concerning This Common Herb.

Some quaint ideas have hovered around that familiar garden herb and dish adorner, parsley. In England, Devonshire folk declare that parsley must never be transplanted or great evil will follow. Suffolk people say it will not come up double unless sown on Good Friday—a notion that experiments might surely soon have disproved—while ancient dwellers in Hampshire steadfastly refuse to give any parsley away. Ask them for roses, lilies, fruit or rare vegetables, and basketfuls will be gladly bestowed on you, but request a few sprigs of parsley and you will be told, with a solemn shaking of heads, "No, we never pick parsley for any one, unless it's paid for!"

The great historian Plutarch relates an interesting anecdote on the subject of this herb. Timoleon was leading an army against the Carthaginians. "But as he was ascending a hill from the top of which the enemy's camp and all their vast forces would be in sight, he met some mules laden with parsley, and his men took it into their heads that it was a bad omen because we usually crown the sepulcher with parsley, and thence comes the proverb with regard to one that is dangerously ill, 'Such a one has need of nothing but parsley.' To deliver them from this superstition and to remove the panic Timoleon ordered the troops to halt, and making a speech suitable to the occasion, observed among other things that crowns were brought them before the victory and offered themselves of their own accord. For the Corinthians from all antiquity have looked upon a wreath of parsley as sacred, crowning the victors with it at the isthmian games." The general then crowned himself and all his officers with parsley wreaths, and led his men to battle, their fears conquered, the result being a decisive victory.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Measuring Medicines.

A teaspoonful is just one dram; a dessertspoonful, two drams; a tablespoonful, four drams.

In mixing or administering drugs of any sort quantities should be carefully measured in a medicine glass, for then one may be quite sure of the amount given, which is quite impossible to be if one uses spoons, for these vary in size according to fashion.

When measuring medicine, it is best to stand the glass on the table, for if one holds it in the hand one may easily hold it crookedly, and thus inadvertently pour out a larger or smaller amount than is prescribed by the doctor. In some cases errors of this kind might be mischievous in effect.

A Remarkable Railroad.

One of the most remarkable railroads in the United States is that which runs from Fabyan, at the foot of Mount Washington, to the summit—a distance of 3.38 miles. The time required in making the ascent is one and one-half hours, which is at the rate of a mile in 27 minutes. The descent is made in the same time. The fare is $4 for the round trip, or at the rate of 60 cents a mile. No other road in the world charges quite so much and few run trains at a speed quite so slow. About 6,000 passengers are carried annually.

BAD BLOOD, BAD COMPLEXION.

The skin is the seat of an almost endless variety of diseases. They are known by various names, but are all due to the same cause, acid and other poisons in the blood that irritate and interfere with the proper action of the skin.

To have a smooth, soft skin, free from all eruptions, the blood must be kept pure and healthy. The many preparations of arsenic and potash and the large number of face powders and lotions generally used in this class of diseases cover up for a short time, but cannot remove permanently the ugly blotches and the red, disfiguring pimples.

Eternal vigilance is the price of a beautiful complexion

when such remedies are relied on.

Mr. H. T. Shobe, 2704 Lucas Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., says: "My daughter was afflicted for years with a disfiguring eruption on her face, which resisted all treatment. She was taken to two celebrated health springs, but received no benefit. Many medicines were prescribed, but without result, until we decided to try S. S. S., and by the time the first bottle was finished the eruption began to disappear. A dozen bottles cured her completely and left her skin perfectly smooth. She is now seventeen years old, and not a sign of the embarrassing disease has ever returned."

S. S. S. is a positive, unfailing cure for the worst forms of skin troubles. It is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and the only one guaranteed purely vegetable.

Bad blood makes bad complexions.

SSS purifies and invigorates the old and makes new, rich blood that nourishes the body and keeps the skin active and healthy and in proper condition to perform its part towards carrying off the impurities from the body.

If you have Eczema, Tetter, Acne, Salt Rheum, Psoriasis, or your skin is rough and pimply, send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases and write our physicians about your case. No charge whatever for this service.

SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Pure Whisky HARPER Perfect Whisky HARPER Every bottle guaranteed HARPER. SOLD BY
R. J. Wertz, Bedford, Pa.
John Eichelberger, Hopewell, Pa.

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE
TRADE MARK

It Makes Restful Sleep.

Sleeplessness almost invariably accompanies constipation and its manifold attendant evils—nervous disorders, indigestion, headache, loss of appetite, etc. To attempt to induce sleep by opiates is a serious mistake, for the brain is only benumbed and the body suffers. Celery King removes the cause of wakefulness by its soothing effect on the nerves and on the stomach and bowels.

Celery King cures Constipation and Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases. 3

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that **cures a cold in one day**

CATARRH
Disease A LOCAL A Climatic Affection

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure it.

Get a well-known specific,

ELY'S Cream Balm

COLD IN HEAD

It is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at once. Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Cocaine, No Mercury, No Injurious drug. Full Size 50c. Trial Size 10c. at Druggists' or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS 56 Warren Street, New York

ARTISTIC ADVERTISEMENTS ARE ATTRACTIVE.

THEY'RE READ THAT'S WHAT THEY'RE FOR.

Gazette ADS ARE ALWAYS ATTRACTIVE

PLANT an ad in THE GAZETTE and watch your business grow.

"A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT."

HUMPHREY D. TATE
Attorney-at-Law
Office in Shuck Building. Bedford, Pa.

Robert C. McNamara,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BEDFORD, PA.
Office in Ridenour Block. oct28'91

Frank Fletcher,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
—BEDFORD, PENNA—
Office on Public Square.

DANIEL S. HORN,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bedford, Pa.
Office in Tate Building.
Will give prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to him nov18'0

W. G. ROOK,
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
Infirmary at Bedford House Stables : : :
july8 y1 BEDFORD, PA.

Lumber,

Flooring, Siding, Bill Stuff, Lath, Shingles and Pickets,
BEDFORD PLANING MILL.
A. G. STEINER. Bedford, Pa.



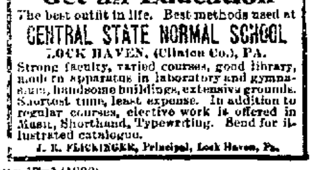
PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U.S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U.S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C.A.SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.



Get an Education
The best outfit in life. Best methods used at
CENTRAL STATE NORMAL SCHOOL
LOCK HAVEN, (Clinton Co.), PA.
Strong faculty, varied courses, good library, modern apparatus in laboratory and gymnasium, handsome buildings, extensive grounds. Shortest time, least expense. In addition to regular courses, elective work is offered in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Send for illustrated catalogue.
J. R. FLICKINGER, Principal, Lock Haven, Pa.
aug 17y1(1900)

Keeley Cure
Cures Drunkenness. Cures Drug Users.
Write for free Booklet
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 4246 Fifth Ave., PITTSBURG, PA.
jan12,'00j1

The
ATLNTIC
Monthly
3 Serials in 1901

Mary Johnston
author of "To Have and To Hold" will bring out her third story,

Audrey

in the *Atlantic* during 1901. This new story is said to be a distinct artistic advance even over her previous remarkable successes.

Sarah Orne Jewett
will contribute
The Tory Lover

This stirring American historical romance exhibits in a new field the rare qualities of Miss Jewett's art; and her theme, the fortunes of the Loyalists in 1777, has not hitherto been developed.

Kate Douglas Wiggin
WILL TELL
Penelope's Irish Experiences

The final volume of the delightful "Penelope" Series will be brought out as a six-part serial in the *Atlantic*, beginning with the November (1900) number.

SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY OFFER

On receipt of 50 cents the publishers will send the ATLANTIC for three months to any NEW subscriber.

For more detailed announcements, send postal for new illustrated prospectus.

All new subscribers for 1901 enrolled before December 20, 1900, will receive the November and December issues for 1900 free.

35 cents a copy. $4.00 a year.

HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN & CO.,
4 Park Street, Boston.

The Gazette and Atlantic One Year, $4.75.

TO OUR READERS
HERE IS A GREAT BARGAIN.

The Gazette
AND
The Twice-a-Week Detroit Free Press,

Both Papers One Year,

And the Free Press Year Book and Encyclopædia for 1901

FOR ONLY $2.20.

The Twice-a-Week Free Press is conceded by all to be Michigan's Leading Newspaper.

Remember, that by taking advantage of this combination you get 52 copies of The Gazette and 104 copies of The Free Press, and the Free Press Year Book for 1901, for $2.20.

The Free Press Year Book and Encyclopædia for 1901.

OVER 550 PAGES; GOOD PAPER BINDING.

Will Contain a Correct, Concise and Complete Report of the Events of 1900.

As a book of reference it has no equal. There will not be a useless page in it. A Practical Educator and Hand Book of Encyclopædic Information on subjects Statistical, Official, Historical, Political and Agricultural; likewise a Book of Religious Fact, and general Practical Directions on every-day affairs.

A copy of this book will be sent to all taking advantage of this offer. The book will be published about December 28, 1900, it being impossible to get it out earlier on account of getting complete records of 1900 events. The book will be mailed as soon after above date as possible.

Do not delay, but take advantage of this liberal offer, which we make for a limited time only, by special arrangements with the publishers. Remember we send both papers a full year and the book for only $2.20. Address

Gazette Pub. Co., Bedford.

Duff's College
GIVES A BREAD-WINNING EDUCATION.
Enabling young men and women to meet the demands of this progressive commercial age. For circulars address
P. DUFF & SONS, 5th and Liberty Sts., Pittsburg, Pa.

PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS AND DESIGNS.
Send your business direct to Washington, saves time, costs less, better service.
My office close to U. S. Patent Office. FREE preliminary examinations made. Atty's fee not due until patent is secured. PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN—19 YEARS ACTUAL EXPERIENCE. Book "How to obtain Patents," etc., sent free. Patents procured through E. G. Siggers receive special notice, without charge, in the
INVENTIVE AGE
illustrated monthly—Eleventh year—terms, $1. a year.
E. G. SIGGERS, Late of C. A. Snow & Co. 918 F St., N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C.

LIPPINCOTT'S
MONTHLY MAGAZINE
A FAMILY LIBRARY
The Best in Current Literature
12 COMPLETE NOVELS YEARLY
MANY SHORT STORIES AND PAPERS ON TIMELY TOPICS
$2.50 PER YEAR; 25 CTS. A COPY
NO CONTINUED STORIES
EVERY NUMBER COMPLETE IN ITSELF

AN EASY WAY TO EARN $25.00

We will pay this to anyone sending us 20 new yearly subscriptions, accompanied by the full yearly price for each subscription.

Send two cent stamp for prospectus, sample copies and particulars

Outing Publishing Co.
239 Fifth Ave., N.Y.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

nteresting Information for Those Who Want to Buy.

INTENDING PURCHASERS

Will Do Well to Consult This Column If They Wish to Save Money and Procure the Best Bargains.

Farm for Sale.

The Reuben Colvin farm situated 1½ miles east of Schellsburg, Pa., containtaining 160 acres; good house and barn thereon. For further information call on or address

R R COLVIN,
Nov20w3. Sulphur Springs, Pa

Estray.

Came to the residence of J. L. Tenley on or about the 15 th of August, 1900, two Red Steers rising 2 years old, resemble twins with short horns turning down, horns look as if the points have been sawed off, crop off the right ear, tips of tails white, some white in sides, small white spot in forehead. If owner is not found and charges paid they will be disposed of according to law. JAMES L. TENLEY, J. P.,
Nov2w3 Six Mile Run, Pa

Trespass Notice.

All persons found trespassing on the premises of the undersigned, in Bedford township, by hunting or fishing or otherwise, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

Chas. A. Wertz	W. J. Hunt,
Geo. Sliger,	J. T Fisher,
B. F. Boor,	W B. Cessna,
A. C. Arnold.	Jas. Hemming,
Nicholas Weber,	J. W. Lilly.

nov16w3

Established in 1872, Bedford, Pa.

JOHN G. HARTLEY & CO., BANKERS

JNO. G. HARTLEY, JNO M. REYNOLDS, S. S. METZGER.

Individual liability. Capital and real estate unencumbered, $300,000 00 Accounts of merchants, farmers and others solicited. Pay interest on time deposits and receive deposits payable on demand

WM HARTLEY, JR, Cashier.

S. S. METZGER.

We quote you a few prices:

HARDWARE.

Bushel Baskets	15c
Coal Buckets	15c
Lanterns	50c
Shoe Last and Stand	25c
Butcher Knives	10c
Horse Shoe Nails, per lbs	12½c
Half Soles	10c
Shoe Thread	5c
Shoe Nails	4c
Knives and Forks, per set	45c
Slaw Cutter	15c
Coffee Mill	55c
14-inch Rasp	35c
Horse Brush	10c
White Lead, per 100 lb	$6 50
Copper Kettles	$9 up
Hatchets	10c
Pokers	10c
Cake Turners	5c
Wringer	$1.45
Carpet Sweeper	$1.50
Saddle Pad	10c
Machine Oil	5c
Double Bit Axes	85c
Pole Axe with Handle	90c
Thermometer	10c
Shot Guns	$4.50 up
Oil Cloth	25c yd
Oil Cloth pattern	50c
Rope Halter	10c
Tie Ropes	10c

FURNITURE.

Bed Room Suits, 7 pieces, oak	$20 00
Rocking Chairs	$1 25
Iron Beds	$4 50
Red Springs, woven wire	$2.25
Mattresses	$3 50
Tables	75c
Six-Foot Oak Extension Tables	$4.75
Side Board	$12.50
Parlor Suits	$20 00

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Mouth Organs	10c
Violins	$1.25
Accordeons	$3.00
Autoharps	$2.75
Banjos	$3.00
Mandolins	$3.75
Guitars	$3.50

HEATING RANGES AND COOK STOVES.

Large stock, new Goods. Get our prices Heating Stoves, $5.00 to $40.00; Cook Stoves, $10.00 to $25.00; Ranges, $22.00 to $33.00; Stove pipe and elbows.

Sale Register.

All persons having sale bills printed at this office get a free notice in the sale register. This is worth several times the price of the bills.

In Cumberland Valley township on Thursday, December 20, at 1 p. m. J. C. Dicken and Alice L. Miller, executors of John Dicken, deceased, will sell the real estate of said decedent, consisting of the mansion tract containing about 166 acres, having thereon a brick house, bank barn and other outbuildings; also a tract of about 170 acres adjoining the above.

Personally-Conducted Tours

The Pennsylvania Railroad company announces the following personally-conducted tours for the season of 1900-1901:

California.—A thirty-five-day tour will leave New York, Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburg February 14. The party will travel over the entire route by the "Golden Gate Special," the finest train that crosses the continent.

Florida.—Three tours to Jacksonville will leave New York and Philadelphia February 5 and 19 and March 5. The first two of these admit of a sojourn of two weeks in the "Flowery State." Tickets for the third tour will be good to return by regular trains until May 31, 1901.

Tickets for the above tours will be sold from all principal points on the Pennsylvania railroad. For detailed intineraries, giving rates and full information, address Thos. E. Watt, passenger agent Western district, Pittsburg; B. Courlaender, Jr., passenger agent Baltimore district, Baltimore; C. Studds, passenger agent Southeastern district, Washington; or Geo. W. Boyd, assistant general passenger agent, Philadelphia.

Religious Services.

Reformed church, Rev. Irvin W. Hendricks, pastor.—Services on Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Wednesday evening prayer service at 7 o'clock.

Trinity Lutheran church, Rev. M. L. Culler, pastor.—Services on Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Luther League services at 6:45 p. m. Prayermeeting, Wednesday evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Dr. A. R. Miller, pastor.—Services on Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Epworth League devotional exercises at 6 p. m

Presbyterian church, Rev. C. C. Adams, pastor.—Services on Sunday at 0:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Christian Endeavor services at 6:45 p. m. Prayermeeting, Wednesday, at 7:30 p. m.

St. James' Protestant Episcopal church, Rev. Dr. Thomas Duncan, D D., rector.—Services are as follows: First and third Sundays, 10:30 a. m., 7 p.m. Fourth Sunday, morning only. Second Sunday, no service.

Services in Everett as follows: Second Sunday, 10 30 a. m., 7 p. m. Fourth Sunday, 7 p. m.

NEGROES GO FREE.

(Continued from first page.)

jumped a freight and went toward Cumberland on my way home. Was put off train before I got to Cumberland. Walked about seven miles into Cumberland, caught a freight train there and got home on Friday night. It took that time, because I was put off different times and had to wait at Washington Junction a night and a day.

After Henderson left the stand Attorney Tate made his address to the jury. He spoke for an hour and a quarter, holding the close attention of jury and audience by his earnestness and eloquence From start to finish Mr. Tate conducted his case in a masterly manner and his plea was a fitting climax to his previous work

District Attorney Little occupied about an hour in his address to the jury. In trying this important case he put forth his best efforts, proceeding step by step with his usual cleverness and caution The charge of the court followed Mr. Little's plea and then the jury retired

After being out about 30 minutes the jury returned a verdict of not guilty

As soon as the evidence in the above trial was concluded the case of the commonwealth against George Walton, Wesley Harris and George Morris was taken up. Attorney Tate represented Harris and Morris and Attorney Simon H Sell was counsel for Walton The same testimony, in substance, was submitted by the commonwealth as in the former case. Walton went upon the witness stand and testified as above set forth The statements made by him, as referred to in the former case, were offered by the commonwealth, but on objections thereto, because they were not voluntary, they were excluded by the court.

In regard to Wesley Harris, the defendants proved by George Walton and by Harris himself that he (Harris) between 7 and 8 o'clock, at the time of the murder, was so drunk that he could not take care of himself and therefore knew nothing of what transpired. George Morris was arrested at Rockwood on suspicion and upon being searched a knife was found in his possession which was identified and proved to be the property of the murdered man. The evidence submitted in behalf of Morris, who testified alone in his own behalf, was not impeached nor contradicted by the commonwealth and no evidence whatever connecting him with the crime was submitted. His statement showing how and where he met the defendants with "Red" and Ford after the murder and how and where he found the knife seemed to be accepted as true.

After hearing the addresses of Attorneys Sell, Tate and Little and the charge of the court the jury retired and an hour afterward returned a verdict of not guilty, and the prisoners were released. They cannot again be tried for the same crime.

The time of the two cases consumed nearly three days, the second jury rendering its verdict about 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

Point.

NOVEMBER 27.—The storm on November 21 did considerable damage to fences, hay, straw stacks and buildings throughout the county. Corn in the shock and cornfodder were scattered all over the country.

Miss Annie Shires, of Bedford, spent a week visiting her friend, Miss Mattie Blackburn

S. W. McMullin, Windber's popular policeman, is spending a week's vacation among his old friends and neighbors. Watson looks well and seems to enjoy his many adventures among the foreign element of Windber. He expects to do some hunting, but the rain so far has interfered with the sport.

Charles G. Cleaver and wife returned on Friday from a pleasant trip to Curwensville.

We have been having the long looked-for rain since Saturday, and the result is that our wells are being replenished and our creeks cleaned out of leaves and other debris that have accumulated in the channels. The waters are high but have done but little damage so far.

Miss Mary McCreary, who has been living in Pittsburg, arrived here today for a short visit

John Mussleman came home from Windber on Wednesday to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. Mary Lape

Miss Ada Hershberger, of Ryot, spent last week with the family of William Winegardner.

The sale at Elias Snoberger's, which was to be held on Saturday, was postponed, on account of rain, until December 5

Jesse Miller, son of Albert Miller, of Johnstown, is visiting friends in this community. HOOKER.

Annual Meeting of Stockmen.

The annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Live Stock Breeders' association will be held at Harrisburg, December 12-13, 1900. A splendid programme has been prepared, including addresses and discussions by such men as Dr. C. D. Smead, the veterinary editor of the *National Stockman and Farmer*; Prof. W. H. Caldwell, secretary of the American Guernsey Cattle club; Frank A. Converse, superintendent of live stock at the Pan-American exposition; Prof J Fremont Hickman, of the Ohio experiment station, and Hon. Mortimer Levering, secretary of the American Shropshire association. All of these men will discuss matters of vital interest to breeders, their subjects covering a wide range. If you are interested in improved live stock, in better fairs, in a great state fair for Pennsylvania, attend this meeting. Special railroad rates from Pennsylvania points, on card orders east of Pittsburg, and certificates west of Pittsburg. For further particulars apply to E S. Bayard, secretary, East End, Pittsburg.

Surprise Party.

On November 20 an enjoyable surprise party was given Shannon B. Beegle, of Colerain township, in honor of his thirty-fourth birthday. Among the foremost features of the event was a sumptuous repast, which all thoroughly enjoyed. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. George Smouse, Mr. and Mrs. W. S Fickes and son, Mr. and Mrs John Fickes, Mr. and Mrs Samuel Smith and daughter, Miss Annie Beegle, Mrs. Mary E. Naugle and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Mortimore, Mr and Mrs. Martin Diehl, Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Beegle, Mr. and Mrs. John Smouse and son, Mr. and Mrs. John Milburn and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Luke Kilcoin and daughter.

Joseph S. Diehl.

The subject of this sketch was born, August 15, 1817, on the farm where he died, November 21, 1900, aged eighty-three years, three months and six days. He connected himself with the Reformed church in early life and always lived a true and faithful life. On October 21, 1847, he was married to Miss Mary Ann Shoemaker by the Rev. Matthew Irvine. To this union were born two children—Rebecca, who is dead, and George W. Diehl, of Pleasant Valley. On February 22, 1856, his first wife died and on November 20, 1856, he was married to Mrs. Rebecca Weisel by the Rev. C. F. Hoffmeier. This union was blessed with four children, who still survive—Mrs. H. C. Hunt, Mrs. Calvin Zimmers, Adam F. and Mrs. George Koontz. His second wife departed this life July 19, 1897. Since that time he had been making his home with his son-in-law, Harry C Hunt, who lived in part of the house. Those who had received a father's care, aside from his own children, were Mrs. Louisa Dibert, daughter of his second wife, A. J. Pennell, Susanna Kegg, Asa Nycum and Mrs. Agnes Smith. Mr. Diehl was a true and faithful memoer of the Trinity Reformed church and was elder of this church for many years. He was always found in his pew at service time when his health would permit. He was a kind and loving father. As a neighbor he could not be excelled He was always willing to lend a helping hand in time of need. Many were the kind and loving words we have received from him, which came from his heart. for he was always kind-hearted and in adverse circumstances, when the whole world seemed to go wrong, he looked forward to the bright side, expecting every thing would come right. His remains were laid in their last resting place on Saturday forenoon amid a large crowd of sorrowing friends, in the Trinity graveyard. His pastor, Rev. Calvin P. Wehr, officiating. Thus we have laid another who has been near and dear to us to rest, and we feel assured that when the final summons came he was called up higher, where everything will be bright and love and happiness reign supreme.

Charlesville, November 26 W. F. B

Birthday Party.

One of the grandest surprise parties of the year was held at the residence of P. G. Trout, near Bedford, on Saturday last, it being the seventy-eighth birthday of Mrs. P. G. Trout Early in the day neighbors and friends, sons and daughters, from different parts of Bedford and Blair counties, began to arrive and at 12 o'clock about 60 guests were present, among them being Rev. Purcell, of Wolfsburg; Frank D. Trout, Mrs. Anna Veach and son, of Altoona; T. A. Trout and daughter, of East Freedom; R C. Trout and family, of Cessna, H.C. Trout and son, of Bellwood; Mrs. S. B Gobricht and daughter, of Altoona; Ross Stiver, wife and daughter, Mrs. S F. Stiver, Mrs. Oliver McMullin, Mrs. Frank Diehl, Matthew Diehl, wife and daughter, of Bedford; Mrs Lizzie Miller, of Mt Dallas; Mr. and Mrs John Williamson, Mr. and Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Points, F. Beegle and wife, Lincoln, Mollie and Maud Trout, of Bedford township. After all enjoyed the sumptuous dinner, consisting of all the delicacies of the season, there was singing and then a prayer by Rev. Purcell, after which many prepared to return to their homes. The day was one long to be remembered. The presents were many and useful. All hope that Father and Mother Trout may be with us and enjoy excellent health for many years to come.

ONE WHO WAS PRESENT.

Pleasant Valley.

NOVEMBER 27.—G. H. Dibert has returned from a visit to Pittsburg.

The recent storm did considerable damage to fences and straw stacks.

A young huckster has arrived at the home of Albert Dively.

Communion service in the Pleasant Valley Lutheran church was postponed owing to the inclemency of the weather.

Mrs. Charles Dibert is suffering with a sore finger, caused by breaking off a needle in her finger.

On Monday Adam Leonard slaughtered two porkers that tipped the beam at 763 lbs. SAMPSON.

New Enterprise.

NOVEMBER 26.—The creamery enterprise at this place is a success. Its patrons received 25cts per pound for their butter last month.

The real estate of the late David Stayer, deceased, was offered at public sale on Wednesday last, Wm. Snyder buying tract No. 1, George Mock tract No. 2 and Jacob Koontz tract No. 3.

The family of Joseph Reasy have been subject to a remarkable fatality the past few months. First the wife of his son, David R Reasy, died of typhoid fever, and was buried here on September 24 The second funeral was on October 1, this time the victim being his youngest son, Joseph R.; disease, typhoid fever October 28 his wife was buried, having died from heart disease On Saturday last a daughter, Mrs. Amanda Walter, was laid to rest at the same place. Another daughter, Mrs Charles Kagarise, is critically ill with typhoid fever. The sympathy of the community goes out to the afflicted ones M. S G

Deeds Recently Recorded.

Levi L Putt to Jennie M. Hoffman, lot in Liberty township; consideration $125.

Cambria Iron company to Morrison and Cass Paper company, 1,403 acres in Hopewell township; consideration $2,807

Mary A. Hughes, by administrator, to Joseph W. Booty, ¼ lot in Bedford borough; consideration $735.

W. W. Kurtz to Saxton Furnace company, lot in Saxton; consideration $3,000.

B. F. Madore to John W. Madore, 2 lots in Hyndman; consideration $250.

Jeremiah L. Smith to Elmer E Waltman, 57 acres in Colerain township; consideration $600

Henry Sides, by administrator, to Thomas E. Kidwell, 30 acres in Harrison township; consideration $300

Raystown Branch Coal Co. to Samuel P Langdon, 6 tracts in Broad Top township; consideration nominal

Samuel P Langdon to the Great Eastern Seaboard Coal Mining company, 5 tracts in Broad Top township; consideration nominal.

Advertised Letters.

The following letters have been held thirty days in the Bedford, Pa., postoffice, and if not called for within two weeks from this date will be sent to the Dead Letter Office at Washington. When asking for these letters please say "Advertised:"

D F. Showalter, J M. Topper, J. M. Blemis & Son., A K. Perdew, Mrs. Hy Musselman, G. F. Guyer, Mrs. Julia Singleman. D. W. PROSSER, P. M.

Bedford, Pa., November 30, 1900.

HON. PETER SCHELL.

(Continued from first page.)

of many years, both in Schellsburg and in Bedford, and during all this time he was a farmer as well. His father, John Schell II, his eldest brother, John Schell, and he, were the principal factors in projecting and building the Bedford and Stoystown turnpike through Bedford county, in 1814, it forming one of the links in the chain of turnpike roads connecting Philadelphia and Pittsburg John Schell was president and Peter Schell was secretary and treasurer.

Peter Schell was pre-eminently a useful man in his day and generation. During his whole life he was an active, industrious, public-spirited citizen, at all times manifesting an absorbing interest in the progress and advancement of Schellsburg and Bedford county. He early took strong ground in behalf of the temperance cause and zealously and fearlessly advocated the suppression of the liquor traffic. He regarded it as a great public evil and resolutely combatted it in the face of censure and hostile criticism. Throughout his life he was actuated solely by a sense of duty. He always tried to discern the right and followed that path with unswerving courage The integrity of his purpose and the purity of his motives could never be challenged or questioned.

He was endowed with a judicial mind. He had strong common sense and was always thoughtful and deliberate in forming his judgment. The spirit of avarice never warped the symmetry of his character, or poisoned the simplicity of his life. He never wronged or oppressed the weak. His nature was frank and open. He was sincere in his attachments and loyal in his friendships. During his career, whether as a merchant, a farmer, or in the discharge of public duties, he was thoroughly honorable and upright.

The crowning glory of his life was that he was a man of deep religious feeling. At all times a diligent student of the holy scriptures, he made the Bible "a guide to his life and a lamp to his feet." His highest praise is our deep conviction of his merits and our affectionate gratitude for his labors and services.

He passed away in this beautiful valley, nestled among the picturesque mountains he loved so well, in the golden month of October, when the harvest had been garnered and the work was finished; the highest type of an earnest, consistent Christian gentleman, bequeathing to his descendants the priceless legacy of a pure and spotless name. LINEAL

MARRIED.

IMLER—IMLER.—On Thursday, November 22, at the Lutheran parsonage, South Richard street, Bedford, by Rev. J. W. Lingle, Mr. Jacob C Imler and Miss Kate A. Imler, both of Imlertown.

DIED.

McCREARY.—Near Pleasantville November 23, 1900, Thomas McCreary, aged 76 years

NUNAMAKER.—In West St. Clair township November 15, 1900, Edmund Nunamaker, aged 21 years.

BREIDENSTINE.—At Johnstown November 17, 1900, Lemuel Breidenstine, aged 24 years; formerly of Saxton.

Disease steals many a life through the feet

To Fight Death.

You may be a dead man before spring if you neglect your feet.

Snag-Proof Gum-and-Felt Boots are durable and the ideal winter foot comfort. They will ward off many a cold if you must be out in bad weather.

Stout's Snag-Proof Gum Boots are the best rubber goods made. We have the "Heavyweights" and "Lightweights" for men at $4 and "Perfections" at $2.35, all splendid values.

We urge you to try the Snag-Proofs. For dress there's nothing nicer than a pair of Packards at $2 50 to $3.50.

WM. S. LYSINGER,
BEDFORD, PA.

Berkheimer's Store News.

FOR a fresh, clean line of cakes, crackers, candies, canned goods, teas, spices, extracts, cocoa, chocolate, starch of all kinds, salt fish, meat, flour, salt, coal oil, sugar, coffee, or if you have produce to dispose of call on us. We pay the highest prices for all kinds of produce. We assure you you will have no trouble dealing with us.

Yours respectfully,

BERKHEIMER'S
Quick-Selling Store

THE NEW YORK WORLD

THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

Almost a Daily at the Price of a Weekly.

The presidential campaign is over but the world goes on just the same and it is full of news. To learn this news, just as it is—promptly and impartially—all that you have to do is to look in the columns of The Thrice-a-week Edition of The New York World which comes to the subscriber 156 times a year.

The Thrice-a-Week World's diligence as a publisher of first news has given it circulation wherever the English language is spoken—and you want it.

The Thrice-a-week World's regular subscription is only $1.00 per year. We offer this unequaled newspaper and THE GAZETTE together one year for $2 20.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is $2.50.

SACRIFICE SALE

still going on at the

METROPOLITAN Clothing and Shoe House.

OUR $20,000 stock has been moving very fast, but there is any amount of good things here yet to select from. Remember, our stock must be closed out by January 1st, 1901, and in order to do it within the time limit, we have still made a

. . . BIGGER CUT IN PRICE

than before. Just to give you an idea how cheap we are selling we will merely state prices of a few things:

Men's all wool suits, regular price, $7.50 to $10.00, our sacrifice closing out price..... **$5**

Overcoats at the same price as the suits. Boys' and Children's Clothing is suffering the same cut in price. Underwear for men, Women, Boys, Misses and Children is all sold at a sacrifice. We spare nothing.

Footwear for Men, Women, Boys, Misses, and Children, also Rubbers and Felts at closing out prices. Now is your chance to buy good footwear at very low prices.

Some big offerings for Ladies in the way of wearing apparel. 36 Ladies' Jackets made of the very finest material, this season's make, silk lined in black, blue, tan and castor collars, regular price $10 to $15, our sacrifice price at..... $5.90

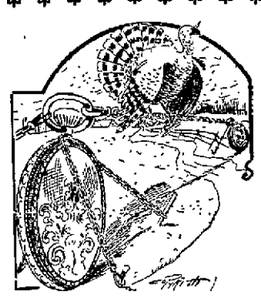
Quite a lot of Golf Capes, prices were $7.50 to $10, our price now..... **$3.90**

Separate top skirts at very low prices.

Lots of other bargains that we can't mention, but a call at the store will show you how cheap you can buy.

METROPOLITAN CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE,

Oppenheimer Building, - - BEDFORD, PA.



More Reasons FOR Thanksgiving.

Every season each year we learn how to serve our customers better and each year have better goods to serve them with. Our present offering of gold and gold plated Jewelry, Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Novelties, etc., is particularly attractive, in design, quality and price.

Our Optical Business is growing nicely, thanks to our new Refractometer, which is the best instrument ever invented for correcting the eye Call and be convinced. It costs you nothing.

J. W. Ridenour, Jeweler and Optician, BEDFORD, Pa.

If you think our prices "can't be" come and see how they "can be."

ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY PRESENTS ITSELF THIS WEEK TO

HORSE BLANKET BUYERS:::::

No 1 is a 72x72 inch blanket of extra strong twisted warp, with straps of leather fastened with two solid copper rivets, at 65c each.

No 2 is a 72x74 inch two-ply extra double warp, in high colors with leather straps riveted, with over stitched ends at $1 each.

No 3 is a 72x72 inch genuine 5-A blanket, duck stays, under double riveted straps. Can't be beat at $1.25 each.

No. 4 is an extra heavy stable blanket, double woven two-ply warps, extra stay at neck, double copper riveted strap fasteners, a big value at $1 each.

The assortment goes on higher in value and price.

New Incomings This Week:

Buggy whips and Lap Robes, Shoes, Boots and Felts, Underwear, Gloves and Mittens, Hosiery, French Flannels and Flannelettes.

W. H. STRAUB,
In Barnett's old stand, Bedford, Pa

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

Nov16w26. J. R IRVINE & Co.

Plant an ad. in THE GAZETTE and watch your business grow.

S. F. STATLER.

All ready for business.

Fall goods arriving every day.

More Lace Curtains.

A full and complete line, comprising everything worthy of being offered. Prices range from 50c to $5.

Blankets and Comforts

White, Pink, Red, Black and White mixed, Black and Red mixed. These goods are home-made and strictly all wool. Size, 10x4, weight, 5 pounds

Comforts, 75c to $2 75. These comforts contain only clean, white, new cotton and absolutely no waste. No shoddy. They are light, fluffy and strictly odorless and covered with sateen and silkaline.

Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Underwear in natural wool and fleece lined. Also Union Suits at 50c.

We have a complete assortment of colors in home-made Saxony, Germantown and Ice Wool Yarns.

Have just received a complete assortment of Fascinators, all sizes and prices. Also Breakfast Shawls that are nice for these cool mornings. All wool home factory skirts, 65c and 75c. Good length and full width.

Flannelettes in great variety and range of prices

Fall and Winter Shoes

for men, women and children. Our lines are now complete. We still have a few dozen pairs of those shoes we are closing out at 50c a pair. If you want a pair come quick before they are all gone.

Fall Flannels.

French Flannels, finest of all wool goods made, in newest stripes and dots. French printed flannels, all the latest shades for dressing sacques and waists.

Storm serges 42 inches wide in blues and blacks.

Goods delivered to all parts of town.

Bedford Classical Academy

Offers an Academic Course, an English Course and a Course in Drawing and Painting. Students enter colleges on certificate. Open to boys and girls. Terms reasonable.

For particulars address

O. V. SMITH, A. M., Principal.

BARNETT'S STORE NEWS.

In the China Department.

The very first item will interest the housewife if she takes much pride in her dinner table, and it is also a very good item for holiday buyers. At $1 each instead of $1.25 and $1.50—about 1000 pieces of well selected Austrian China, comprising salad dishes, bread and cake plates, celery dishes, etc. The decorations are all new and up-to-date—many trimmed in dull gold and green enamel. This offering is really worth an early investigation.

As the holidays draw near suggestions along these appropriate gift lines will be welcomed. You'll save yourself annoyance and disappointment by picking up these suitable things when there's a chance.

112-piece English Porcelain Dinner Sets, under glaze decorations, in green, dove, blue and pink at $9, $10.50 and $12.75. Thin blown tumblers, either plain or banded—60c a dozen. Etched tumblers, 65c, 75c and $1 a dozen. A full stock of English porcelainware now on sale.

Horse Blankets.

Close fitting, stay on and never come off stable blankets. We are in shape now to show you the finest assortment of storm and stable blankets in the county—sizes to suit any weight horse. Prices run from 98c to $5. Special—extra large size—strictly all-wool, weight 7 lbs. at $1.65.

HOW MUCH CAN I SAVE?

This is a question that every man should ask himself when it comes to a business proposition. All our horse blankets are purchased direct from the mills, thereby saving you the dealer's or middleman's profit, which is usually 20 to 30 per cent.

Robes—start in price at $1.25 and we have them at in-between prices to $5. Fancy and plain colors.

Women's Neckwear.

When you think that Christmas is only four weeks off, and of the hurry and bustle and strain of getting everything in time, you will not be surprised to know that we are already selling lots of these beautiful dainty women's things for gifts. Just a hint:

Stocks with bows attached, black, white and colors, 25c to 75c.

Colored silk ties, hemstitched—white, black and colors—go twice around the neck, 45c.

Pretty little turnover lawn collars, embroidered, from 10c to 25c.

But lists look so prosy—come and see them yourself whether you want to buy or not.

Carpet Samples.

We have a number of samples of carpet, being rug-like pieces, 1½ yards long with bound ends. Body Brussels, Ingrain, Velvets, Moquettes, and Axminsters. To close them at 98c to $1.25.

Lamps.

The new stock is here. Entirely new in shapes, decorations and material. At $1.25 a heavy, metal base, beautifully decorated 8-inch globe, and stands 24 inches high. Finer lamps at $4.50, $7.75, $8, $9.

Muslin Sheets and Pillow Cases.

In these days, when steam and electricity can do a month's work in a day almost, nobody sits down to tear muslin, lay hems, run and stitch sheets and pillow cases. Why should they? The ready-made costs no more than the muslin alone; they are as accurately measured, better sewn, because they are done by experienced operators on big steam-run machines. Bleached sheets, good wide hems—81x90—65c. Pillow cases from 10c to 19c. Bolster cases 25c to 35c.

Groceries.

Fancy New York State full cream cheese	14c
Heintz catsup, pint bottle	10c
Fancy California apricots	12c
Hand picked soup beans, qt	8c
Barley, per pound	4c
Bushel basket, each	10c
Peck market basket	5c
Bird food, package	10c
French shoe blacking	5c
Pint bottle blueing	5c
Rolled oats, per pound	4c
Brooms, large, four string	25c
Horse brushes, 5x9 inches	18c
18 inch dusting brush, bristle	15c
2 hoop wooden bucket	12c
6-inch wax hotel candles, pound	11c
Lamp burners	5c
Celery salt, fancy glass bottle, Sterling silver sifting top	10c
Clothes lines	10c
New bright American citron, lb	15c
Clothes pins, hand polished, 3 doz	5c
Half pound Baker's chocolate	15c
Chase & Sandborn's roasted coffee, superior to all others	14c, 16c, 20c
Coffee essence, in tin boxes, 2 for	5c
Mackerel, one pound each	9c
Coppers, per pound	5c
Galvin's cough syrup	25c
Fresh ginger snaps, pound	5c
Fresh oyster crackers, pound	5c
Washed currants ready for use	15c
Gelatine, large box	10c
Best coal oil, gal	10c
Large bottle olives	20c
Large bottle Jamaica ginger	10c
New hominy, pound	2c
Large bottle jet black ink	5c
Best country lard, pound	10c
Logwood, per pound	15c
Lye, per can	8c
Imported macaroni, pound	10c
12 boxes matches, 200 in each box	10c
Honey syrup, gal	25c
Peanut butter, jar	13c
Peas, canned	9c
Sweet pickles, doz	9c
Tubs, No. 1	85c
Tubs, No. 2	60c
Tubs, No. 3	45c
Wash boards	12c
White wine vinegar, gal	30c
Cider vinegar, gal	16c
Glass tumblers, doz	25c
Hand polished round hickory tooth picks, box	5c
3 pound can new tomatoes, doz	$1 00
New canned corn, doz	15c
Tapioca, pound	8c
Toilet paper, 6 large rolls	25c
Red Cross chewing tobacco, pound	30c
A choice blended tea, extra quality, green and black mixed, special	40
Powdered sulphur, pound	12c
Pulverized saltpetre, pound	15c
7 pounds large lump laundry starch	25
Clean sifted butcher's pepper, pound	18c
6 pound sack dairy salt	5c
"A" sugar pound	5c
Orleans granulated sugar	5½c
17 pounds fine granulated sugar	$1.00
Cloves, 2 ounces	5c
Cinnamon, 2 ounces	5c
Soap, 15 large cakes for	25c
Pure castile, cake	5c
Sardines, American in oil	4c
Sardines, imported, in oil	8c
Alaska salmon, large can	12c
Sago, pound	5c
Rice, clean large grain, 6 pounds	25c
California prunes	5c
Large California raisins	9c
Choice ham, guaranteed, pound	12c
Mica axle grease, can	8c
Large bright evaporated peaches, pound	8c
2 ounce bottle guaranteed pure vanilla	10c
Choice Cape Cod cranberries, qt	9c
Choice pie peaches, can	8c
Pint jar prepared mustard	10c
4x sugar, for candy making, pound	7c
3 pound can baked beans	10c

A Strong Bank

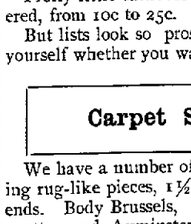
Assets of over $6,500,000 guarantee the safety of your money.

Depositors in every state in the Union.

JAMES S. KUHN, President.
WILLIAM ROSENBERG, Vice-Pres.
WILLIAM J. JONES, Sec.-Treas.

Write for the booklet, "Banking by Mail."

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings
210 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.



Make a Wish

for perfect and permanent eyesight, and then come to us, and we'll see that your wish is fulfilled.

we make no charge

for examination and advice. Won't you consult us about your eyes!

W. A. Defibaugh,

Graduate Optician, : : : BEDFORD, PA.

Administrator's Notice.

[ESTATE OF MARY A. HUGHES, LATE OF BEDFORD BOROUGH, DECEASED.]

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Mary A. Hughes, late of Bedford borough, deceased, notice is hereby given that all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement.

CHARLES T. GILCHRIST,
FRANK FLETCHER, Administrator.
oct26 Attorney

CALENDARS 1901

The Best Advertising Medium:

Useful as well as Ornamental:::

Call and see Samples of Latest and Handsomest Designs .....

Prices and Printing Will Please You::::

Gazette Publishing Company.

CALENDARS 1901 CALENDARS 1901



YOUR LOSS

of property need not be felt financially. A comparatively small sum invested in

: : INSURANCE

will relieve you of all worry and secure you against loss in the event of fire.

Don't permit your property to remain unprotected. Secure a policy at once from

AMOS & HORNE,
BEDFORD, PA.

Valuable Fruit Farm For Sale.

The subscriber will offer at Public Sale on

Wednesday, December 5, 1900,

at 1 p. m., his valuable fruit farm in Colerain township, 2½ miles south of Bedford Springs, containing 129 acres, with good 9 room dwelling house, cement plastered outside, with good cellar under all, and good 36x60 ft. bank barn, double wagon shed and corn crib and all other necessary outbuildings. An abundance of good soft water adjacent to house and barn.

THE FRUIT.

There are on this property a market orchard of 250 apple trees just coming in full bearing and 178 just beginning to bear, 500 currant bushes, 200 bearing grape vines, one acre of Blackberries and one-half acre each of Raspberries and Strawberries, besides a good supply of pears, plums, cherries, etc. 75 acres are cleared and under cultivation—balance in bark and other valuable young timber.

TERMS reasonable to suit purchaser.

HENRY F. GIBSON.

Nov23w2

Jell-O, The New Dessert,

pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts. Try it to-day.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®